



UAC

Report on the
Scaling of the

*2024 NSW Higher
School Certificate*



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Preface

In New South Wales student achievement in Stage 6 (Years 11 and 12) is reported in two ways: through the Higher School Certificate Record of Achievement and through the Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR).

A student's Higher School Certificate Record of Achievement presents a profile of their achievement in the courses they have completed, both academic and vocational. Their achievement is reported in terms of the standards they have reached in the courses they have completed.

In contrast, the Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) is a numerical measure of a student's overall academic achievement in the HSC in relation to that of other students. This measure allows the comparison of students who have completed different combinations of HSC courses and indicates the position of a student in relation to other students. The ATAR is calculated solely for use by universities, either on its own or in conjunction with other selection criteria, to rank and select school leavers for admission to university.

Calculation of the ATAR is the responsibility of the Technical Committee on Scaling on behalf of the NSW Vice-Chancellors' Committee. The NSW Education Standards Authority (NESA) provides the HSC data from which the ATARs are calculated and the Universities Admissions Centre (UAC) advises individual students of their ATARs.

This report contains information on the calculation of the ATAR in 2024.

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Acknowledgements

Calculating individual ATARs each year and distributing them to the students who requested them is a major task. It requires a high degree of expertise, commitment and co-operation between the staff of several agencies:

- staff of the NSW Education Standards Authority (NESA) who supply the HSC data from which the ATARs are calculated
- staff of UAC who distribute the ATARs to individual students, handle enquiries from students following the release of the results and distribute information about the ATAR to schools during the year
- members of the Technical Committee on Scaling who play a central role with responsibility for translating policy decisions into processes, and for developing and maintaining programs that ensure the integrity of the data and the accuracy of the individual ATARs
- those members of the Technical Committee on Scaling who work closely with the Chair of the Committee when the ATARs are calculated, and at other times during the year.

Without the skill and commitment of these people, the calculation and distribution of the ATARs would not be possible.



Definitions

ABS

The ABS is the Australian Bureau of Statistics.

ATAR cohort

ATAR cohort is used to refer to those students who received an ATAR in a particular year. The students may have accumulated courses over a five-year period.

ATAR courses

ATAR courses are Board Developed courses for which there are examinations conducted by NESA that yield graded assessments. Life Skills courses and Board Endorsed courses are not ATAR courses. If students wish to have English Studies, Mathematics Standard 1 or a VET course contribute to their ATAR eligibility requirements and calculation, they must enrol in the appropriate additional examination course and complete the examination.

Board Developed Courses

Board Developed courses are courses whose syllabuses have been developed by NESA.

Board Endorsed Courses

Board Endorsed courses are courses whose syllabuses have been approved by NESA but which do not have formal examinations conducted by NESA.

HSC cohort

HSC cohort refers to students who have completed at least one ATAR course in a particular year.

NESA

NESA refers to the NSW Education Standards Authority (NESA).

VET examination courses

The VET Curriculum Frameworks are based on training packages where the assessment is competency based. As competency-based assessment does not yield a mark that can be used in the ATAR calculations, NESA introduced an additional course for each VET Curriculum Framework that includes an examination. If students wish to have a VET course contribute to their ATAR eligibility requirements and calculation, they must enrol in the appropriate additional course and complete the examination. These additional courses are termed VET examination courses. Students who do not want their VET courses to contribute towards their ATARs are not required to complete these optional examinations.

1 The Higher School Certificate (HSC)

The Higher School Certificate (HSC) is an exit certificate awarded and issued by NESA. It marks the completion of 13 years of schooling, is the gateway to further study and employment, and presents a profile of student achievement in a set of courses.

1.1 Eligibility for an HSC

To qualify for an HSC, students must complete a pattern of Preliminary and HSC courses containing at least 12 units of Preliminary courses and at least 10 units of HSC courses.

These HSC courses must include at least:

- six units of Board Developed courses
- two units of a Board Developed course in English
- three courses of two unit value or greater (either Board Developed or Board Endorsed courses)
- four subjects.

Further details about HSC eligibility and HSC courses can be found on NESA's website.

1.2 Reporting student achievement in the HSC

For most ATAR courses, NESA reports student achievement against published standards by:

- an examination mark
- a school assessment
- an HSC mark
- a performance band.

These results are shown on a student's Record of Achievement. A Course Report is also provided for most Board Developed courses. The report describes the standard achieved in the course using performance bands and provides a graph indicating the student's position in the course candidature.

1.2.1 Defining standards by performance bands

Standards in a course are described in terms of the content, skills, concepts and principles relevant to the course and represent the range of achievement expected of students completing the course. Performance band descriptors, which describe typical achievement at different standards (bands), have been developed for each course. There are six performance bands for 2-unit courses and four performance bands for Extension courses.

The percentage of students in any performance band depends only on how many students enrolled in that course perform at the standard specified by the performance band descriptor. There are no predetermined percentages of students to be placed in the performance bands.

It follows that, although the standards described by the performance bands in a course will be the same from year to year, standards in different courses are not the same as they are based on different criteria. Because of this, it should not be expected that the percentages of students in the six bands will be the same across courses. For any course, the percentages will also vary from year to year if the performance of the cohort choosing that subject changes.

The ranges of marks for the bands are as follows:

2-unit courses

Band	1	2	3	4	5	6
Mark range	0–49	50–59	60–69	70–79	80–89	90–100

Extension courses (except Mathematics Extension 2)

Band	E1	E2	E3	E4
Mark range	0–24	25–34	35–44	45–50

Mathematics Extension 2*

Band	E1	E2	E3	E4
Mark range	0–49	50–69	70–89	90–100

**Mathematics Extension 2 students have their achievement for both Mathematics Extension 1 and Mathematics Extension 2 reported using four bands but the mark range is out of 100 rather than 50.*

1.2.2 Examination marks

The examination mark reported on a student's Record of Achievement indicates the standard a student has attained in that examination. If, for example, a student's performance in the Society and Culture examination is at the standard described for Performance Band 3, the examination mark reported on their Record of Achievement for that course will lie between 60 and 69. In general, this mark, termed the aligned examination mark, will differ from the mark the student actually gained on the examination (the raw examination mark).

The aligned mark indicates the standard reached by a student and their position in the performance band. For example, a mark of 62 means that, while the student has performed at a Performance Band 3 standard, their achievement is towards the bottom of this band.

1.2.3 School assessments

To enable school assessments from different schools to be compared, marks submitted by schools (raw assessments) are first moderated using the raw examination marks gained by their students and then aligned to course standards. The school assessments reported on a student's Record of Achievement are the aligned assessments.

The process used for the moderation of school assessments and subsequent alignment with standards ensures that the rank order of a school's students in a course is maintained.

1.2.4 HSC marks

For each course, students receive three marks – an examination mark, a school assessment and an HSC mark – all of which have been aligned to NESA's published standards and rounded to whole numbers. The HSC mark is the average of the examination mark and the school assessment. It is the HSC mark that determines a student's performance band for the course.

Further details about NESA's processes can be found on NESA's website.

2 The Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) – an overview

2.1 Background

The Australasian Conference of Tertiary Admission Centres (ACTAC) agreed that, as of 2010, all states and territories would adopt a common name for the ranking index used to rank students for university admission. The agreed name was the Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR). The name change was to emphasise the common scale used for reporting student ranks. NSW and the ACT adopted the new name in 2009.

The ATAR is a numerical measure of a student's overall academic achievement in the HSC in relation to that of other students. This measure allows the overall achievement of students who have completed different combinations of HSC courses to be compared. The ATAR is calculated solely for use by tertiary institutions, either on its own or in conjunction with other criteria, to rank and select school leavers for admission. Calculation of the ATAR is the responsibility of the Technical Committee on Scaling on behalf of the NSW Vice-Chancellors' Committee.

The ATAR, which aims to provide a fair and equitable method of ranking applicants from all states, is based on the assumption that the age cohorts from which the states' Year 12 cohorts are drawn are equally able to undertake tertiary study. That is, if everyone in the age group completed Year 12, it would be fair to consider the same proportion of each state's students as admissible to any particular university course.

The result of this procedure in NSW is a number which represents the position of a student in the appropriate age cohort, based on their overall academic achievement in the HSC.

From 1998 until 2013 NSW used data from the School Certificate tests administered by NESA as the link that enabled the positions of HSC students relative to their Year 10 group to be estimated from their positions relative to their Year 12 group. With the move to the ATAR in 2009, the School Certificate group was augmented to more accurately reflect the entire HSC aged population of the state. The last School Certificate tests were held in 2011 so that procedure is no longer available.

From 2014 to 2016, a two-parameter logistic function was used to translate the HSC students' positions based on their scaled aggregate marks into ATARs. This was consistent with the procedure that had been used in most other jurisdictions without Year 10 examinations.

In 2016, all jurisdictions agreed to transition to a consistent process using a one-parameter cubic spline function, depending only on the proportion of the age cohort that is ATAR eligible, as the means for converting student aggregates into ATARs. This was implemented in NSW in 2017, and with Queensland adopting the same methodology in 2020, all jurisdictions across Australia are now using the one-parameter cubic spline function. It should be emphasised that these changes do not alter the rank order of students, and that the changes in methodology outlined above are sufficiently small to permit valid comparisons of ATARs obtained in different years.

The ATAR is calculated as a number between 0 and 99.95 with increments of 0.05. The ATAR is not a mark. Specifically, a student's ATAR indicates the position of that student relative to the entire HSC-aged population of the state. Students who receive an ATAR of 80.00 in 2024, for example, have performed well enough in the HSC to place them 20 per cent from the top if every HSC aged person in the state had been ATAR-eligible.

Students who indicate on their HSC entry forms that they wish to be notified of their ATARs will receive an ATAR Advice Notice from UAC. ATARs are also made available to institutions for selection purposes.

2.2 Categorisation of ATAR courses

ATAR courses are assessed by formal examinations conducted by NESA and have sufficient academic rigour to be regarded as suitable preparation for university study.

ATAR courses are classified as either Category A or Category B courses. The criteria for Category A courses are academic rigour, depth of knowledge, the degree to which the course contributes to assumed knowledge for tertiary studies, and the coherence with other courses included in the ATAR calculations. Category B courses are those whose level of cognitive and performance demands are not regarded as satisfactory in themselves, but their contribution to a selection index is regarded as adequate if the other courses included in the aggregate are more academically demanding. Note that English Studies Examination, a Category B course introduced in 2019, can be used by students to satisfy the two units of English requirement for ATAR-eligibility.

The categorisation of ATAR courses will be removed in 2025.

The Category B courses in 2024 were:

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| ■ Automotive Examination | ■ Hospitality Examination |
| ■ Business Services Examination | ■ Human Services Examination |
| ■ Construction Examination | ■ Information and Digital Technology Examination |
| ■ Electrotechnology Examination | ■ Mathematics Standard 1 Examination |
| ■ English Studies Examination | ■ Primary Industries Examination |
| ■ Entertainment Industry Examination | ■ Retail Services Examination |
| ■ Financial Services Examination | ■ Tourism, Travel and Events Examination |

2.3 Eligibility for an ATAR in 2024

To be eligible for an ATAR a student must have satisfactorily completed at least 10 units of ATAR courses, which included at least:

- eight units of Category A courses
- two units of English
- three courses of two units or greater
- four subjects.

As noted above, ATAR courses will no longer be categorised as A or B in 2025. Hence, the requirement for having at least eight units of Category A courses to be ATAR-eligible will no longer apply in 2025.

2.4 Calculation of the ATAR

The ATAR is based on an aggregate of scaled marks in 10 units of ATAR courses comprising:

- the best two units of English
- the best eight units from the remaining units, provided that no more than two units of Category B courses are included.

Marks to be included in the ATAR calculations can be accumulated over a five-year period but if a course is repeated only the last satisfactory attempt is used in the calculation of the ATAR.

For students accumulating courses towards their HSC, scaled marks are calculated in the year the courses are completed.

In 2025, the requirement of including no more than two units of Category B courses in the aggregate will no longer apply.

2.5 The ATAR Advice Notice


The ATAR Advice Notice includes:

- the student's ATAR
- a list of the ATAR courses which the student studied and the categorisation of each course
- the number of units of each ATAR course that were actually included in the calculation of the ATAR.

While ATARs are calculated for all ATAR-eligible students, only those students who indicate on their HSC entry forms that they wish to be notified of their ATAR will receive an ATAR Advice Notice from UAC.

There are two circumstances where an ATAR will not be shown on the ATAR Advice Notice. The first is when a student receives an ATAR between 0.00 and 30.00, in which case the ATAR will be indicated as '30 or less'. The second is when the student has not met the requirements for an ATAR, in which case the statement 'Not Eligible' will appear.

An example of an ATAR Advice Notice is given below.



**AUSTRALIAN TERTIARY ADMISSION RANK.
2024 ADVICE**

Full name

JANE CITIZEN

Year 12 student number

12XXXXXX

AUSTRALIAN TERTIARY ADMISSION RANK (ATAR)

75.80 *SEVEN*FIVE*EIGHT*ZERO***

Shown below are the ATAR courses which were available for inclusion in the ATAR, together with the units that were actually included in the calculation. Information about ATAR eligibility and the calculation of the ATAR are available at <http://www.uac.edu.au/atar>

Course name	Category	Unit value	Units included in calculation of ATAR
English Standard	A	2	2
Geography	A	2	2
Legal Studies	A	2	1
Mathematics Advanced	A	2	2
Studies of Religion I	A	1	1
Hospitality Examination	B	2	2

3 Calculating the ATAR in 2024

3.1 Overview

Tertiary institutions are concerned with ranking school leaver applicants. From their perspective, the importance of HSC marks is that they convey information about a student's position in relation to other students.

With the exception of English, which is compulsory, students are free to choose their courses of study. Consequently, individual course candidatures vary in size and nature, and there are many different enrolment patterns. In 2024 there were 26,138 different enrolment patterns for ATAR eligible students; only 241 of these combinations were completed by 20 or more students and 18,859 were taken by only one student. Given the choice available, it follows that a student's rank in different courses will not necessarily have the same meaning, as good rankings are more difficult to obtain when the student is competing against students of high academic ability.

Because of the lack of comparability of HSC marks achieved in different courses, either when reported against standards or in terms of ranking, marks of individual students are scaled before they are added to give the aggregates from which the ATARs are determined.

The scaling process is designed to encourage students to take the courses for which they are best suited and which best prepare them for their future studies. The underlying principle is that a student should neither be advantaged nor disadvantaged by choosing one HSC course over another. The scaling algorithm determines what students' marks would have been if all courses had been studied by all students and all courses had the same distribution of marks.

The scaling model assumes that a student's position in a course depends on the student's developed ability in that course and the 'strength of the competition'. Since the ATAR is a rank that reflects academic achievement, 'strength of the competition' is defined in terms of the demonstrated overall academic attainment of a course candidature.

Scaling first modifies the mean, the standard deviation (SD) and the maximum mark in each course. Adjustments are then made to the marks of individual students to produce scaled marks, which are the marks the students would have received if all courses had the same candidature and the same mark distribution.

Although scaled marks are generally different from the raw marks from which they are derived, the ranking of students within a course is not changed.

Once the raw marks have been scaled, aggregates are calculated for ATAR-eligible students. In most cases, the ranking or order of merit based on these aggregates is quite different from the order of merit using aggregates based on HSC marks.

The penultimate step is to determine what the percentiles would have been if all HSC-aged persons in the state were eligible for an ATAR. The last step is to truncate these percentiles to the nearest 0.05. These are the ATARs.

Each ATAR corresponds to a range of aggregates. The target for the number of students with each ATAR varies and is calculated using the cubic spline function referred to in section 2.1. The presence of candidates tied on the same aggregate means that the actual number of students with each ATAR may differ slightly from the calculated target.

The scaling process is carried out afresh each year. It does not assume that one course is intrinsically more difficult than another or that the quality of the course candidature is always the same. All students who complete at least one ATAR course in a given year are included in the scaling process for that year. Students who are accumulating courses towards their HSC have their scaled mark for each course calculated in the year that the course is completed.

3.2 The scaling process in 2024

The scaling procedure used to produce ATARs in 2024 was unchanged from that used in 2023.

3.2.1 Marks used in the ATAR calculations

For each course a student completes, NESA provides the following marks:

- a raw examination mark
- a raw moderated school assessment¹
- an examination mark, which has been aligned to course standards
- a moderated school assessment, which has been aligned to course standards
- an HSC mark.

All marks are provided on a one-unit basis to one decimal place. In the description of the scaling process that follows, to cater for both 2-unit and Extension courses, marks are described on a one-unit basis.

3.2.2 Raw HSC marks

Raw HSC marks, rather than NESA's reported HSC marks, are used in the scaling process. A student's raw HSC mark in a course is the average of their raw examination mark and their raw moderated school assessment. These marks are not reported to students.

3.2.3 Combined courses

As NESA places English Studies, English Standard and English Advanced raw marks on a common scale, these courses are combined and scaled as a single course but are reported as separate courses in order to be consistent with NESA's reporting practice.

Similarly, while the examination for the Hospitality VET Framework is separated into two streams, NESA places the raw examination marks for the streams on a common scale. Consequently, the Hospitality Exam is scaled as a single course.

In 2020, NESA implemented changes to the examination arrangements for Mathematics Standard 1, Mathematics Standard 2 and Mathematics Advanced which enables them to provide additional information which could be used as the basis for placing the raw marks of these three subjects on a common scale. However, the ATAR calculation process does not make any use of this data..

3.2.4 Initial standardisation

Before the scaling algorithm is implemented, a linear transformation is applied to the raw HSC marks in each course to set the top mark to a common value. The marks in each course are then standardised to a mean of 25 and standard deviation of 12 on a one-unit basis.

¹ These are school assessment marks that have been moderated using the raw examination marks.

3.2.5 Calculating scaled means and standard deviations

The model underpinning the scaling algorithm specifies that the scaled mean in a course is equal to the average academic achievement of the course candidature where, for individual students, the measure of academic achievement is taken as the average scaled mark in all courses completed. The model specification leads to a set of simultaneous equations from which the scaled means of 2-unit courses are calculated.

The scaled standard deviation for a 2-unit course is the standard deviation of the measure of overall academic achievement of the candidature of that course.

For Extension courses, the scaled means and standard deviations are determined by the performance of the Extension students on the corresponding 2-unit courses. The exceptions are History Extension which can be completed by both Modern History and Ancient History students, Science Extension which can be taken by students doing up to three 2-unit science courses (out of Biology, Chemistry, Earth and Environmental Science, Investigating Science and Physics), and the second Extension courses in English and Mathematics: English Extension 2 and Mathematics Extension 2.

A scaled mean is determined for the Modern History students in History Extension on the basis of their performance in the 2-unit Modern History course. A scaled mean for the Ancient History students in History Extension is found in a similar manner. The scaled mean for History Extension is then set equal to the weighted average of these two scaled means. The scaled standard deviation is found in a similar manner.

In the same way, the scaled mean and standard deviation of Science Extension are the weighted average of the scaled means and standard deviations of five groups of students, with each of the scaled mean and standard deviation calculated for students in Science Extension on the basis of their separate performances in 2-unit Biology, Chemistry, Earth and Environmental Science, Investigating Science and Physics.

Scaled means and standard deviations for English and Mathematics Extension 1 courses are calculated as described above. The scaled mean and standard deviation for the Mathematics Extension 2 course are then determined by the performance of the Extension 2 students in the Mathematics Extension 1 course.

For English Extension 2, the scaled mean and standard deviation are determined by the performance of the Extension 2 students in English Advanced. (This option is not available for Mathematics as the Extension 2 students do not complete the 2-unit Mathematics Advanced paper.)



3.2.6 Setting maximum marks

The maximum scaled mark in a course is determined according to the academic quality of the course candidature in such a way that the maximum scaled mark for the combined 2-unit English candidature is 50 on a one-unit basis. With the introduction of English Studies Examination in 2019, the combined 2-unit English candidature consists of students who have taken English Studies Examination, English Standard and English Advanced.

In 2024 the maximum scaled mark in a course was given by the smaller of 50 and the scaled mean + 2.47 times the initial scaled standard deviation, where the scaled mean and initial scaled standard deviation of the course are determined using the scaling algorithm.

The multiple, which in 2024 was 2.47, is calculated afresh each year using the scaled mean and initial scaled standard deviation in English.

3.2.7 Scaling individual marks

Once the scaled means and standard deviations are determined, individual raw marks are scaled using a non-linear transformation which preserves the scaled mean and standard deviation of a course and restricts the scaled marks to the range (0–50).

If this transformation results in a maximum scaled mark which is less than the maximum scaled mark described in 3.2.6, a further linear transformation is applied. The effect of this linear transformation is to increase the standard deviation so that the actual maximum scaled mark in the course is changed to be the same as the maximum scaled mark described in 3.2.6. This further transformation does not affect the scaled mean. In all tables presented in this report, the modified scaled standard deviations rather than the initial scaled standard deviations are shown.

For some courses with very small candidatures the non-linear transformation is not always appropriate, in which case alternative transformations, which are consistent with the principles of the scaling algorithm, are used.

3.2.8 Calculating aggregates and ATAR-eligible percentiles

Aggregates of scaled marks are calculated according to the rules described in section 2.4. In 2024 there were 4,518 distinct aggregates. There are a large number of tied results with some aggregates shared by 30 or more students.

Table 3.1 shows the ATAR-eligible percentiles (the percentage of the ATAR cohort with who have received an aggregate mark less than or equal to a given aggregate) corresponding to selected aggregates for the 2024 ATAR cohort. From the table, it can be seen that, for example, 76.5 per cent of the 2024 ATAR cohort received an aggregate mark of 350 or less.

Table 3.1 ATAR-eligible percentiles corresponding to selected aggregates in 2024

Aggregate	ATAR-eligible percentile
450.0	98.6
400.0	90.3
350.0	76.5
300.0	60.4
250.0	43.9
200.0	28.8
150.0	15.4

3.2.9 Calculating the ATAR

Since 2017, a one-parameter cubic spline model has been used in NSW to translate the ATAR-eligible percentiles into ATARs. This model was adopted by some jurisdictions in 2016, was used in all jurisdictions except Queensland from 2017, and was adopted by Queensland in 2020. The model depends only on the participation rate observed in the jurisdiction.

The specific form of the cubic spline function depends on the proportion of students in the target population who are ATAR-eligible. This proportion is called the participation rate. The target population served by UAC consists of students from the ACT and NSW. In 2024 the ACT and NSW combined participation rate, determined using ABS data, was 55.1 per cent, down from 56.0 per cent in 2023. To avoid distortions to the model that might impact the comparability of ATARs obtained in different jurisdictions, the processes described in this section are implemented with reference only to the results of students whose studies took place in NSW or the ACT and who were aged 16-20 on 30 June 2024.

For jurisdictions with participation rates between 25 percent and 75 percent, the model expects that the proportion of people whose percentile rank within the target population is x who will be ATAR eligible is given by

$$\frac{x^3}{(1000\alpha)^2} \quad \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq 100\alpha \quad \text{and} \quad 1 - \frac{(100-x)^3}{(1000-1000\alpha)^2} \quad \text{if } 100\alpha \leq x \leq 100$$

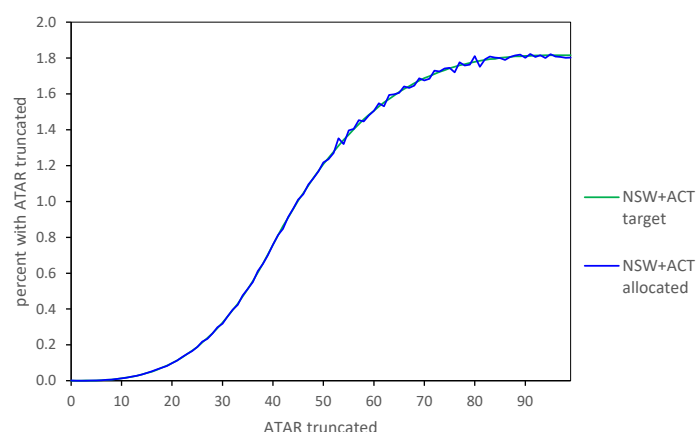
where α is $1.5 - 2 \times (\text{participation rate})$. In 2024, the value of α in NSW and ACT was 0.40.

In particular, the model expects all the most able candidates to complete Year 12 and be eligible for an ATAR, and so the top category should contain 1/2000th of the target population. In 2024 this target frequency for an ATAR of 99.95 was $N = 54$ for ACT and NSW combined, meaning that the number of students from these two jurisdictions receiving 99.95 should not exceed 54.

With the 2024 ACT and NSW combined participation rate, the model expects that 92.5% of candidates who are at the 70th percentile in the target population will complete Year 12 and be eligible for an ATAR. Accordingly, the target frequency for an ATAR of 70.00 is 92.5% of 1/2000th of the target population, which was 50 students.

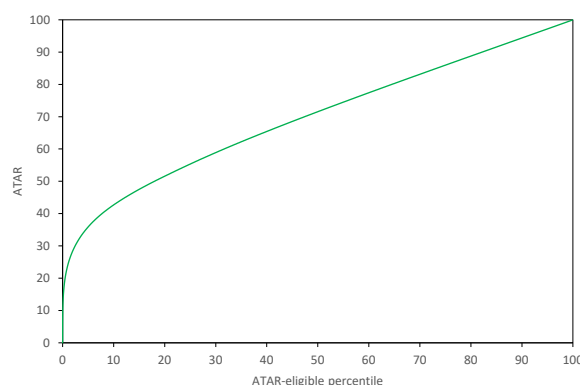
In order to implement this model, each ACT student is allocated a notional aggregate using the process to equate NSW HSC and ACT Board of Senior Studies results in use since 2006. (Regular studies are undertaken to ensure that this process continues to be valid). Starting with the highest aggregate, the candidates are progressively allocated to ATAR bands to achieve the cumulative target frequencies, without exceeding them. (In 2024, the 99.95 ATAR category consisted of 51 NSW students and 2 ACT students.) There is noise in the allocation due to ties in the aggregates. The resulting pattern is shown in Figure 3.1.

Figure 3.1 Percentage of NSW and ACT ATAR-eligible students in each ATAR truncated category in 2024



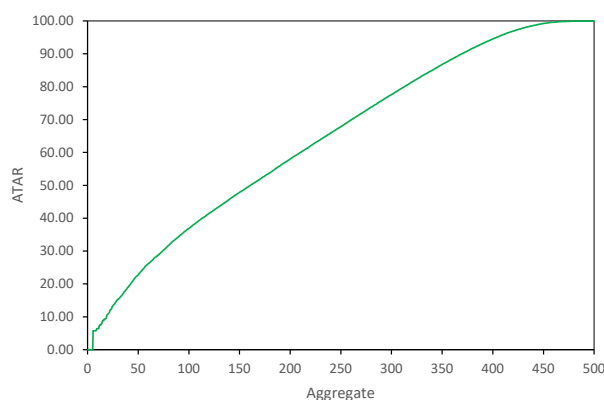
The relationship between the NSW ATAR and ATAR-eligible percentile in 2024 is shown in Figure 3.2.

Figure 3.2 The relationship between NSW ATAR and ATAR-eligible percentile in 2024



The relationship between aggregates and ATARs in 2024 is shown graphically in Figure 3.3.

Figure 3.3 Relationship between aggregate and NSW ATAR in 2024



Each ATAR corresponds to a range of aggregate marks. The range of aggregates corresponding to one ATAR is greatest in the extremes of the distribution of aggregates and smallest near the middle of the distribution of aggregates. Table 3.2 gives ATARs for selected aggregates based on the 2024 data.

Table 3.2 Relationship between NSW aggregate and ATAR in 2024

Aggregate	ATAR
450.0	99.20
400.0	94.50
350.0	86.75
300.0	77.60
250.0	67.85
200.0	58.00
150.0	47.85

4 The HSC and ATAR in 2024 – some results

4.1 Overview

A total of 79,195 students completed at least one HSC course in 2024, but 4,900 were removed from the database as they completed no ATAR course. Of the remaining pool of 74,291 students, 89.0 per cent received an HSC and 77.0 per cent received an ATAR. There were 225 students who received an ATAR but did not receive the HSC award, primarily because they had not yet provided evidence of meeting the minimum standards in literacy and numeracy, a requirement for the HSC award as introduced by NESA in 2020. While courses contributing to the underlying aggregate may be accumulated over a five-year period, 92.2 per cent of those receiving an ATAR in 2024 included only 2024 courses in their aggregate.

The percentage of students enrolled in at least one ATAR course who were female was 52.5 per cent (slightly less than 52.7 per cent in 2023), and 53.6 per cent of students who received an ATAR were female (down from 53.8 per cent in 2023).

4.2 Percentage of students receiving an ATAR

HSC students who do not receive an ATAR fall into one of two broad groups:

- Those who are studying less than 10 units. These include private study students who enrol in one or two courses, mature age students who are studying a limited HSC program and students who are accumulating their HSC over two or more years.
- Those who enrol in a full HSC program which does not satisfy the requirements for an ATAR. These students normally complete six or eight units of Board Developed courses, and choose the remaining units from Board Endorsed courses. They receive an HSC but not an ATAR. In 2024 there were 9,132 such students.

Table 4.1 Proportion of students receiving an ATAR, 2020–2024

Year	HSC candidature	Students receiving an ATAR	
		Number	%
2020	70,466	54,894	77.9
2021	70,416	54,841	77.9
2022	69,518	54,308	78.1
2023	71,199	55,523	78.0
2024	74,291	57,194	77.0

4.3 Number of units of ATAR courses completed

The pattern in 2024 was similar to that observed in 2023, with 50.5 per cent completing exactly 10 ATAR units and 22.7 per cent completing more than the required minimum number of ATAR units (Table 4.2).

Table 4.2 Percentage of students completing specified numbers of units¹ of ATAR courses, 2021–2024

Number of units	2021 %	2022 %	2023 %	2024	
				%	Number
1	0.9	0.9	0.8	1.0	753
2	7.7	8.4	8.5	9.3	6,909
3	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.8	611
4	4.4	4.7	4.2	4.7	3,523
5	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	107
6	4.5	5.1	4.2	4.9	3,645
7	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.3	197
8	3.1	4.4	2.8	4.4	3,291
9	0.1	1.2	0.1	1.2	896
10	50.1	49.5	51.1	50.5	37,487
11	16.7	15.6	16.3	14.7	10,928
12	10.2	8.3	9.7	7.4	5,515
13	1.1	0.7	1.1	0.5	381
14	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	42
15+	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	6
HSC cohort	70,416	69,518	71,199		74,291

¹ The units include current year units and units accumulated in previous years.

4.4 Course enrolments – Table A1

Table A1 in the Appendix provides for each course the size of the candidature, the number who received an HSC in 2024, the number who received an ATAR in 2024, the percentage of females and the maximum ATAR gained by a student enrolled in that course. The table includes students who completed the course in 2024 as well as those who completed the course in previous years and completed at least one ATAR course in 2024. The table excludes courses where there were less than 10 students.

What is clear is that in almost all courses some students gained an ATAR in excess of 95.00, and for the majority of courses the maximum ATAR is higher.

In Table A6 we have included a column showing for each course the maximum ATAR of any student doing the course in any year and including all units from that course in the ATAR calculation. For the vast majority of courses, the values for the maximum ATAR in Tables A1 and A6 agree.

The pattern of ‘male-dominated’ and ‘female-dominated’ courses was similar to the pattern exhibited previously. Female students were in the majority in languages, creative arts and the humanities, while males were in the majority in technology and computing courses.

A total of 15,563 students enrolled in at least one VET course, of which 11,508 students enrolled in a VET examination course. The proportion taking a VET examination course was 73.9 per cent.

Overall, 77.0 per cent of the 2024 HSC cohort received ATARs but the percentage varied across courses, from 56.9 per cent to 100.0 per cent for Category A courses with candidatures exceeding 100. For students enrolled in any VET courses, the overall figure was 59.0 per cent but was higher, at 79.1 per cent, for students enrolled in VET examination courses.

4.5 Distributions of HSC marks – Table A2

Table A2 in the Appendix shows the distributions of HSC marks in 2024. For each course the percentage of students in Bands 2 to 6 are given, together with the median HSC mark and the Band in which the median lies. Data are not provided for courses with less than 10 students.

Since the introduction of standards referenced reporting in 2001, marks reported to students have not been constrained to a set distribution. Students demonstrating the highest level of achievement in a 2-unit course are placed in Band 6 and receive HSC marks of 90 and above. The data shows clearly that patterns of HSC marks vary across courses.

There are few students in Band 1. For most 2-unit courses the median HSC mark lies in Band 4.

Comparison of Table A2 with the corresponding table in 2023 shows that distributions of HSC marks have changed for some courses (see section 5.1.).

4.6 Descriptive statistics of HSC and scaled marks – Table A3

Table A3 in the Appendix presents, for each course, descriptive statistics and the 99th, 90th, 75th, 50th and 25th percentiles for HSC and scaled marks. Data is not provided for courses with less than 10 students or courses in which all the students have a total of less than 25 results from other current year scaling courses. Percentiles are not included for courses with less than 40 students.

Although HSC marks are not used as the basis for scaling they are shown in Table A3 because raw marks are not released to students or teachers and hence cannot be presented in this report. Scaled marks are generally lower than HSC marks: few students receive HSC marks less than 25 (on a one-unit basis) whereas the average scaled mark for the total HSC candidature is approximately 25.

In the table, marks are shown on a one-unit basis, so the range is 0 to 50. The percentiles in a course are based on all students completing that course in 2024 irrespective of whether they were eligible for an ATAR or not.

When reading the table, it must be remembered that an HSC mark indicates a standard reached whereas a scaled mark reflects the position a student would have obtained in the course candidature had all students completed that course. Because HSC marks and scaled marks serve different purposes, comparing HSC and scaled marks is of little value and can lead to misinterpretations that may adversely affect student choices of courses to study.

Table A3 should not be used as a simple HSC to scaled mark conversion table for reasons explained below.

NESA reports HSC marks rounded to the nearest integer whereas raw marks are calculated to one decimal place. NESA aligns the raw marks to bands that best describe the standards that the students achieve. This can compress a range of raw marks to a smaller number of HSC marks. For example, all Band E4 performances in an Extension course (except for Mathematics Extension 2) are allocated one of the six integer grades 45.0 to 50.0. Thus after aligning and rounding, for each HSC mark there can be a range of raw marks and hence a range of scaled marks. There is, in general, no unique scaled mark for an HSC mark.

A given HSC mark often corresponds to a range of raw and scaled marks and hence to a range of percentiles. Table A3 gives the HSC mark at the specified percentile. Not all students with that HSC mark will be at that percentile when the raw marks are considered. For example, in History Extension the HSC mark at the 90th percentile was 47.0. A History Extension HSC mark of 47.0 in fact corresponded to scaled marks at percentiles ranging from 86.8 to 97.2.

The scaled marks reported in Table A3 are the scaled marks at the specified percentiles. The 90th percentile of the scaled mark distribution in History Extension was 41.8 but there was a range of scaled marks achieved by those with an HSC mark of 47.0.

Looking at Chinese Continuers in Table A3 we see that the maximum mark and 99th percentiles of the HSC distribution are both 49.0 whereas the scaled marks at maximum is 50 and for the 99th percentiles is 49.1. This illustrates that there is not a unique scaled mark corresponding to a given HSC mark.

The primary purpose of Table A3 is to show the relativities between courses. For example, Table 4.3 shows the scaled marks corresponding to the 90th and 50th percentiles for Japanese Extension, Design & Technology and Mathematics Standard 2

Table 4.3 Scaled marks for selected percentiles

Course	Scaled mean	Scaled mark for	
		P ₉₀	P ₅₀
Japanese Extension	37.5	44.2	37.1
Design & Technology	22.9	37.2	22.8
Mathematics Standard 2	22.8	37.3	22.3

Design & Technology and Mathematics Standard 2 have similar scaled means and similar scaled marks corresponding to the 90th percentile. Japanese Extension has a higher scaled mean and higher scaled marks at corresponding percentiles. The table shows that the students who are at the 90th percentile of the Design & Technology and Mathematics Standard 2 candidatures have similar scaled marks for those courses to the middle candidate in Japanese Extension.

4.7 Distribution of ATARs – Table A7

Table A7 in the Appendix shows the distribution of ATARs. ATARs are not evenly distributed. For most ATARs the number of students on that ATAR lies between 20 and 50. The number of students on an ATAR is less for lower ATARs.

An ATAR of 99.00 does not represent the top 1 per cent of the ATAR cohort; 1.8 per cent of the 2024 ATAR cohort actually gained an ATAR of 99.00 or above. It does, however, represent the level of achievement necessary to be in the top 1 per cent if all HSC-aged people in NSW had completed studies that made them ATAR eligible in 2024. From Table 4.4 we see that in 2024 17.8 per cent of the ATAR-eligible students received an ATAR of 90.00 or above and 35.5 per cent gained an ATAR of 80.00 and above.

Table 4.4 Percentage of ATAR students receiving specific ATARs and above, 2020–2024

ATAR	2020 %	2021 %	2022 %	2023 %	2024 %
99.00	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8
95.00	8.5	8.6	8.8	8.8	8.9
90.00	17.0	17.1	17.7	17.5	17.8
80.00	33.9	34.2	35.2	35.0	35.5
70.00	50.3	50.7	52.1	51.8	52.6
60.00	65.6	66.1	67.8	67.4	68.4
50.00	79.2	79.8	81.5	81.1	82.0

Table 4.5 shows the median ATAR and the median ATAR for male and female candidates for the years 2020–2024.

Table 4.5 Median ATAR, 2020–2024

Year	Median ATAR all students	Median ATAR female	Median ATAR male
2020	70.15	71.30	68.70
2021	70.40	71.80	68.70
2022	71.25	72.45	69.85
2023	71.05	71.90	70.00
2024	71.55	72.40	70.40

In 2024, 51 students received the top ATAR of 99.95. They comprised 42 males and 9 females from a mix of government and independent schools.

4.8 ATAR percentiles and relationship between ATAR and aggregates – Tables A8, A9

Table A8 in the Appendix shows the ATAR corresponding to selected ATAR-eligible percentiles. For example, 10 per cent of the ATAR cohort in 2024 received an ATAR of 94.35 or above.

Each ATAR corresponds to a range of aggregates and the figures provided in Table A9 in the Appendix show the minimum aggregate corresponding to selected ATARs.

4.9 Relationship between subject choice, band and ATAR

There is considerable interest in the relationship between student's selection of HSC courses and ATAR. As mentioned in 3.1, students present an extraordinarily large range of HSC course combinations, and so it is not possible to describe a typical HSC result associated with a particular ATAR. However, some insight can be gained from Table 4.6 which lists the 10 most common HSC course/band combinations for students in selected ATAR ranges. The patterns illustrate that the most able students generally choose the more demanding courses in subjects where choice is available, and that the reported HSC performance bands, at least for the most common courses, are reasonably consistent at most points in the ATAR spectrum.

Table 4.6 The 10 most common HSC courses and results achieved by students at selected ATAR ranges, 2024

ATAR range	HSC course	HSC band	Percentage of students in this ATAR range with this result contributing to their ATAR
99.00 – 99.95	Mathematics Extension 1	E4	83
	English Advanced	6	82
	Mathematics Extension 2	E4	64
	Chemistry	6	54
	Physics	6	43
	Mathematics Advanced	6	22
	Economics	6	20
	Biology	6	16
	English Advanced	5	15
	English Extension 1	E4	13
90.00 – 90.95	English Advanced	5	68
	Biology	5	30
	Mathematics Advanced	5	28
	Mathematics Extension 1	E3	25
	Business Studies	5	17
	English Standard	5	16
	Mathematics Standard 2	5	15
	Economics	5	15
	Modern History	5	14
	PDH&PE	5	13
70.00 – 70.95	English Standard	4	51
	Mathematics Standard 2	4	35
	Biology	4	31
	English Advanced	4	28
	Business Studies	4	20
	PDH&PE	4	18
	Mathematics Standard 2	5	14
	Modern History	4	14
	Visual Arts	5	14
	PDH&PE	5	13
50.00 – 50.95	English Standard	4	47
	Mathematics Standard 2	3	37
	English Standard	3	33
	Business Studies	3	28
	Biology	3	24
	Community & Family Studies	4	20
	PDH&PE	3	19
	Legal Studies	3	15
	Mathematics Standard 2	4	14
	PDH&PE	4	12

4.10 Gender differences

As in previous years, female students outperformed male students in the majority of courses and had a higher median ATAR. The percentages of students receiving ATARs on or above specified values who were female are given in Table 4.6.

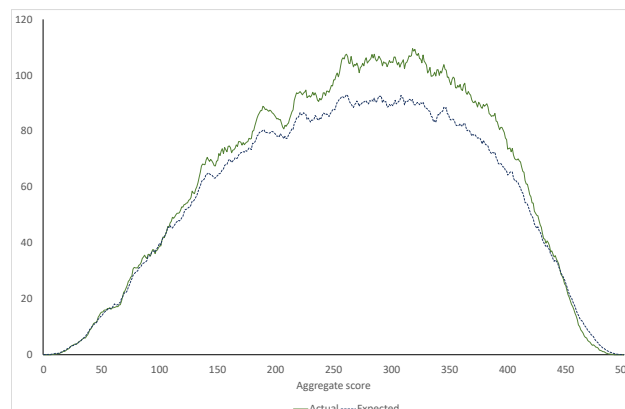
Table 4.7 Percentage of students receiving ATARs on or above specified values who were female, 2020–2024

ATAR	% female 2020	% female 2021	% female 2022	% female 2023	% female 2024
99.00	45.1	47.3	41.8	40.6	38.5
98.00	47.9	49.5	46.2	42.3	44.7
95.00	51.7	52.8	51.2	49.2	50.1
90.00	54.3	55.5	54.8	52.6	53.4
80.00	56.1	57.1	56.2	55.0	55.1
70.00	56.4	56.8	56.1	55.3	55.4
60.00	56.1	56.1	55.4	54.9	54.8
50.00	55.4	55.4	54.7	54.5	54.3
40.00	55.0	54.8	54.3	54.2	54.0
30.00	54.5	54.5	54.2	53.9	53.7
Total cohort	54.4	54.3	54.0	53.8	53.6

In 2024, the HSC-aged population of NSW was 103,579, of whom 50,090 (48.4%) were female. If there were no gender-based difference in HSC participation and performance, one would therefore expect 48.4% of the candidates with a particular aggregate score to be female. The green line in Figure 4.1 shows the number of female students on each aggregate score (smoothed by taking a moving average), while the black line shows the expected number (48.4% of the total number of students with that aggregate score).

It is evident from Figure 4.1 that the number female students on a particular aggregate score is in very close agreement with this expected number below 105 (ATAR 38.10), indicating that participation and performance at the bottom of the aggregate range is not significantly influenced by gender. However, there are considerably more females than would be expected given their proportion in the HSC-aged population on almost every aggregate score between 105 and 445 (ATAR 98.95), reflecting higher retention rates and better performance for females in this range. Above the aggregate of 445, there are slightly fewer females than expected, but this difference is small compared with the gap (in the other direction) observed in the mid-range of the aggregate distribution.

Figure 4.1 Number of females on each aggregate score compared with the expected number if there were no gender-based differences in participation or performance



4.11 University offers

UAC makes several rounds of offers for semester 1 courses, starting from August and going through to February. The majority of offers to Year 12 students are made in December and January.

Of the 57,194 students who received an ATAR in 2024, 73.3 per cent applied through UAC for a university course. The table below shows that the higher the ATAR, the greater the percentage of students applying for university through UAC.

Table 4.8 Applicants for university places by ATAR – domestic and international

ATAR band	Total number of students	Applicants	
		Number	Percentage ¹
90.00 – 99.95	10,189	9,914	97.3
80.00 – 89.95	10,132	9,259	91.4
70.00 – 79.95	9,752	8,074	82.8
60.00 – 69.95	9,028	6,341	70.2
50.00 – 59.95	7,811	4,442	56.9
Below 50.00	10,282	3,868	37.6
Total	57,194	41,898	73.3

¹ These are percentages of the total number of students in the given ATAR band.

Of those domestic students applying through UAC for undergraduate courses in semester 1, 94.2 per cent were made at least one offer of a place. Of these applicants receiving at least one offer, 67.9 per cent had an ATAR of 70 and above, and 92.2 per cent had an ATAR of 50 and above.

It is important to note that not all applicants are made an offer solely on the basis of their ATAR. For some courses, alternative criteria are used and ATARs are not considered at all, and for other courses ATARs are supplemented by additional criteria.



5 Trends and other issues

5.1 Variation in patterns of HSC marks – Tables A4, A5

As noted in Chapter 3, the scaling process uses the raw marks, not the HSC marks that NESA uses to report student achievement. Further, the raw marks for each course undergo an initial standardisation to a common mean and standard deviation before the scaling algorithm is implemented. The HSC marks that NESA uses to report student achievement are not used in the scaling process so any variation in the distribution of these marks across courses does not impact on the ATAR calculation.

A common question is whether changes in the pattern of HSC marks from one year to the next affects the pattern of scaled marks and hence the pattern of ATARs. For the reason given above, the answer is no. It is to be expected that the patterns of HSC marks may change from year to year, reflecting differences in student achievement against the published standards in individual courses. In contrast, one would expect to see differences in the patterns of scaled marks only if the overall academic quality of a course candidature changed.

Tables A4 and A5 in the Appendix show the distributions of HSC and scaled marks, respectively, in 2024 and 2023. The marks are on a per-unit basis (0–50) and courses with less than 40 students in either year are not included. Table A4 shows the percentages of each course candidature with an HSC mark less than 45, 40, 35, 30 and 25 for 2024 and 2023. Table A5 provides similar information for scaled marks. The data show that while the distributions of HSC marks have changed for some courses, the distributions of scaled marks were generally the same.

Modern History is an example of a course where the candidature was comparable between 2023 and 2024 but there is a change in the distributions of HSC marks (Table 5.1). The distributions of scaled marks in the two years were, however, similar.

Table 5.1 Distributions of HSC and scaled marks for Modern History, 2023 and 2024, on a one-unit basis

Mark	Year	Number	Percentage of students with mark less than				
			45	40	35	30	25
HSC mark	2024	10,590	89.6	60.8	28.5	9.5	1.3
	2023	10,456	89.7	64.9	35.8	15.6	3.9
Scaled mark	2024	10,590	98.3	91.1	78.6	63.1	47.5
	2023	10,456	98.7	91.1	77.9	62.5	47.2

Taken together, the data indicate that the 2024 candidature in Modern History performed better than the corresponding cohort in 2023 in terms of the performance standards for Modern History. However, their overall performance as judged by their scaled marks is almost the same.

5.2 Distributions of English and mathematics marks: 2021–2024

Because all students study English, and most study mathematics, comparative data is shown for English and mathematics courses for the four years, 2021 to 2024. Table 5.4 shows the distributions of HSC marks and Table 5.5 shows the distributions of scaled marks.

The number of students completing English EAL/D, English Extension 1 and English Extension 2 were similar between 2023 and 2024. English Studies Examination was offered as a Category B for the first time in 2019 and could be used to meet ATAR eligibility requirements, and 1,491 students completed this course in 2024, up from 1,230 in 2023. Both English Standard and English Advanced had more students in 2024 than in 2023.

In 2024, 13.9 per cent of ATAR eligible students did not complete a mathematics course and 21.7 per cent of those awarded an HSC did not include an ATAR mathematics course in their Year 12 HSC subjects.

When considering the English marks, recall English Studies Examination, English Standard and English Advanced are scaled as a single group. In 2024, English Studies Examination, English Standard and English Advanced all shared common questions worth 20 marks. In addition, English Studies Examination shared two additional questions worth 8 marks with English Standard, and English Advanced shared three additional questions worth 12 marks with English Standard. These shared elements provide sufficient information for NESA to calibrate the marks on the remaining 60% of the English Studies Examination paper, 68% of the English Advanced Examination papers and 60% of the English Standard Examination papers so that they are all on the same calibrated raw mark scale. NESA then moderates school assessments for English Studies Examination, English Standard and English Advanced using these calibrated raw marks, and the usual NESA Standard Setting process are applied to transform these calibrated marks into HSC marks aligned to the common standard shared by all three courses, and these aligned marks are reported to students.

It is the calibrated raw marks for English Standard Examination, English Standard and English Advanced which are used for scaling. These marks are all combined and scaled as a single course. Thus, a given calibrated raw HSC marks yields the same scaled mark for English Studies Examination, English Standard and English Advanced students.

The performance band information for 2 unit only students on the Mathematics Advanced course, corresponding to Table A2, is given in Table 5.2, and the information captured in Table A3 is provided in Table 5.3 for this group of candidates.

Table 5.2 Distributions of HSC marks for Mathematics Advanced 2 unit only candidates, 2024

Course	Number	Median HSC mark	Median band	Percentage of students in performance band				
				6	5	4	3	2
Mathematics Advanced – 2-unit-only	11,383	76	4	13	25	32	23	7

Table 5.3 Descriptive statistics for of HSC and scaled marks (per unit) for Mathematics Advanced 2 unit only candidates, 2024

Course	Number	Type of mark	Mean	SD	Max. mark	P ₉₉	P ₉₀	P ₇₅	P ₅₀	P ₂₅
Mathematics Advanced – 2-unit-only	11,383	HSC	37.8	5.6	50.0	48.5	45.5	42.0	38.0	34.0
		Scaled	29.6	9.0	49.5	46.1	40.6	36.3	30.7	23.6

Table 5.4 Distributions of HSC marks for English and Mathematics courses, 2021–2024

	Year	Enrolment	Percentage of students with HSC mark less than				
			45	40	35	30	25
English Studies Examination	2024	1,491	99.9	99.6	88.6	53.9	14.3
	2023	1,230	100.0	99.6	90.4	54.2	14.9
	2022	1,273	100.0	99.6	92.5	65.4	11.0
	2021	1,357	100.0	99.0	91.7	55.8	16.1
English Standard	2024	32,992	99.4	86.6	32.7	7.6	0.7
	2023	31,696	99.7	86.8	40.3	10.3	1.6
	2022	30,643	99.4	84.5	44.3	12.0	1.3
	2021	31,341	99.4	83.4	42.2	9.5	1.6
English Advanced	2024	25,397	84.9	32.4	3.5	0.5	0.1
	2023	25,102	86.2	32.8	4.7	0.6	0.1
	2022	24,661	85.5	32.8	6.8	0.9	0.0
	2021	24,409	83.7	31.2	6.1	0.7	0.1
English Extension 1	2024	3,782	58.0	19.1	4.5	0.9	0.5
	2023	3,671	59.1	21.0	5.6	1.3	0.3
	2022	3,427	60.4	25.5	7.4	1.6	0.3
	2021	3,415	58.9	20.8	6.1	1.7	0.4
English Extension 2	2024	1,479	66.1	32.4	12.6	3.6	0.7
	2023	1,408	71.2	35.7	14.3	4.5	0.7
	2022	1,242	70.5	39.9	15.0	4.5	1.0
	2021	1,308	74.8	40.7	15.8	4.0	0.9
English EAL/D	2024	1,246	94.0	75.1	46.7	17.3	5.3
	2023	1,204	95.0	78.2	46.5	22.0	6.6
	2022	1,487	96.4	81.2	53.9	26.2	8.7
	2021	1,879	97.6	76.6	41.6	13.8	3.3
Mathematics Standard 1 Examination	2024	2,139	96.5	76.9	42.4	10.3	1.5
	2023	1,608	96.7	78.5	38.1	8.4	1.7
	2022	1,410	96.1	73.5	35.1	12.2	2.4
	2021	1,461	95.8	80.7	49.1	16.6	3.8
Mathematics Standard 2	2024	31,140	90.6	71.2	40.9	16.8	3.4
	2023	30,805	90.8	68.4	42.1	17.7	3.5
	2022	29,874	92.6	70.9	45.9	18.2	3.5
	2021	30,035	94.4	75.2	48.7	21.4	6.2
Mathematics Advanced	2024	16,559	77.7	50.0	22.6	5.2	0.5
	2023	16,428	77.7	50.2	24.6	6.9	1.3
	2022	16,865	77.4	49.8	23.6	5.5	0.9
	2021	16,769	76.8	39.3	21.2	6.2	1.9
Mathematics Extension 1	2024	8,846	65.0	39.3	19.7	7.3	2.5
	2023	8,390	65.7	45.7	28.1	11.2	4.1
	2022	8,679	65.2	44.1	26.4	13.0	6.0
	2021	8,547	62.7	42.0	25.7	13.0	5.8
Mathematics Extension 2	2024	3,544	59.8	30.4	13.6	5.8	1.7
	2023	3,273	62.2	31.9	14.2	5.4	1.4
	2022	3,271	60.4	32.7	14.9	8.1	3.9
	2021	3,193	57.2	30.0	13.4	4.7	1.4

Table 5.5 Distributions of scaled marks for English and Mathematics courses, 2021–2024

	Year	Enrolment	Percentage of students with scaled mark less than					
			45	40	35	30	25	20
English Studies Examination	2024	1,491	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.5	98.5	95.8
	2023	1,230	100.0	100.0	99.8	99.6	98.9	95.9
	2022	1,273	100.0	100.0	99.8	99.6	99.1	94.5
	2021	1,357	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.4	98.0	94.0
English Standard	2024	32,992	99.9	99.2	95.8	87.3	72.0	51.5
	2023	31,696	100.0	99.4	96.2	87.9	72.9	52.2
	2022	30,643	100.0	99.1	95.7	87.0	72.3	51.3
	2021	31,341	99.9	99.3	95.7	87.0	71.4	50.5
English Advanced	2024	25,397	96.8	80.2	56.0	33.6	17.3	7.8
	2023	25,102	96.8	80.8	57.1	34.5	17.7	7.8
	2022	24,661	97.1	81.9	58.8	36.6	19.8	9.0
	2021	24,409	96.8	81.4	58.1	36.2	19.3	8.8
English Extension 1	2024	3,782	95.9	70.9	38.3	15.7	5.1	1.7
	2023	3,671	94.7	69.2	36.3	14.9	5.5	2.0
	2022	3,427	93.5	67.9	37.9	16.5	6.4	2.5
	2021	3,415	93.3	66.0	34.8	14.1	5.9	2.5
English Extension 2	2024	1,479	92.6	71.2	43.2	19.0	5.9	1.6
	2023	1,408	90.7	70.0	38.9	17.6	6.0	1.4
	2022	1,242	91.9	69.4	42.7	18.6	7.3	2.4
	2021	1,308	92.0	66.5	36.3	15.4	5.2	1.3
English EAL/D	2024	1,246	97.9	92.3	84.8	74.9	64.5	51.6
	2023	1,204	98.2	93.6	85.5	77.7	63.8	52.3
	2022	1,487	98.5	93.5	86.1	78.1	65.8	53.1
	2021	1,879	99.0	95.1	85.6	74.2	62.7	47.2
Mathematics Standard 1 Examination	2024	2,139	100.0	100.0	99.7	94.2	85.6	75.1
	2023	1,608	100.0	100.0	99.9	95.5	86.5	74.4
	2022	1,410	100.0	100.0	100.0	95.2	87.9	76.9
	2021	1,461	100.0	100.0	100.0	95.8	88.2	77.7
Mathematics Standard 2	2024	31,140	99.8	95.4	85.2	72.4	58.0	42.7
	2023	30,805	99.8	95.0	85.1	72.8	59.0	44.4
	2022	29,874	99.9	96.4	87.0	74.3	60.2	44.9
	2021	30,035	99.9	96.4	87.5	75.2	61.0	44.5
Mathematics Advanced	2024	16,559	97.1	79.8	56.8	36.2	21.4	11.7
	2023	16,428	93.7	77.8	58.5	39.8	24.0	12.4
	2022	16,865	93.7	77.8	59.1	40.6	24.9	13.1
	2021	16,769	95.1	79.6	60.0	40.9	24.8	13.2
Mathematics Extension 1	2024	8,846	76.8	41.7	19.8	9.9	5.1	2.3
	2023	8,390	69.7	38.0	19.5	9.9	5.5	2.8
	2022	8,679	69.9	38.3	20.3	11.4	6.3	2.9
	2021	8,547	71.3	39.5	21.2	11.4	6.2	2.5
Mathematics Extension 2	2024	3,544	53.5	16.3	6.7	2.6	0.9	0.4
	2023	3,273	41.1	13.8	5.6	2.5	0.9	0.3
	2022	3,271	42.7	13.4	5.3	2.8	1.3	0.7
	2021	3,193	45.0	15.2	6.0	2.5	0.8	0.4

5.3 Courses that contribute to the ATAR – Table A6

If students complete only 10 units all courses must be counted in the calculation of the ATAR, whereas if students complete more than 10 units at least one unit will be omitted. In 2024 37,546 students out of the 57,194 ATAR eligible students (65.6%) presented exactly 10 units.

Table A6 in the Appendix provides some information about students who completed more than 10 units. Data are not provided for courses with less than 10 students.

For each course:

- The first column shows the total number of students who did the course in any year and received an ATAR in 2024.
- The second column shows the number of these students who completed more than 10 units.
- The third column expresses this number as a percentage.
- The fourth column gives the percentage of these students who counted all units of that course towards their ATAR. The percentage is based on the number of students in the course who had completed more than 10 units.
- The final column shows the maximum ATAR of any student doing the course in any year and including all units of that course in the ATAR calculation.

Of the 108 courses listed in Table A6, 74 have 70 per cent or more of their students counting the course. The data also show that, while there are differences in the percentages of students who count a particular course towards their ATARs, there is no evidence of systematic differences across Key Learning Areas.

6 Frequently asked questions

Most of the enquiries from students received by the ATAR Enquiry Centre at UAC concerned the relationship between their HSC marks and their ATARs, and the reason why one course contributed to their ATAR and not another. These two major enquiries will be discussed below, followed by a summary of some of the other frequently asked questions.

6.1 Why is my ATAR low in comparison to my HSC marks?

The ATAR is a rank, not a mark, and so there is no reason why the scores should be close. From Table A2 we can see that the median HSC mark for most 2-unit courses is between 70 and 80. The median ATAR is 71.55 which is lower than the median score for almost all courses. So for students in the middle of the candidature, the ATAR will typically be lower than their average HSC mark.

There is, however, no simple rule to convert HSC marks to ATARs. Courses are unlikely to have the same scaled means from year to year and the pattern of HSC marks varies across courses so that the same HSC mark does not necessarily indicate the same position across courses. The following examples illustrate the complexity of the relationship between HSC marks and ATARs.

Example 1

Consider the following two students, Liam and Kellie, whose HSC marks are shown in Table 6.1. These students are middle students (the 50th percentile) in all of their courses. Their average HSC marks per unit are exactly the same, at 39.6, but their ATARs are quite different, 62.00 and 81.00 respectively.



Table 6.1 Two examples of student achievement to show the effect of different scaled means

Liam ATAR: 62.00			Kellie ATAR: 81.00		
Course	HSC mark per course	HSC mark per unit	Course	HSC mark per course	HSC mark per unit
Drama	82	41.0	Economics	80	40.0
English Standard	73	36.5	English Advanced	83	41.5
Music 1	84	42.0	French Beginners	77	38.5
Society & Culture	78	39.0	Mathematics Advanced	80	40.0
Studies of Religion II	79	39.5	Physics	76	38.0

Both Liam and Kellie are at the 50th percentile in all of their courses, so the reason for the difference in their ATARs is the difference in the strength of the competition in the courses they have chosen. The average scaled mean for Liam's courses was 23.1, whereas the average scaled mean for Kellie's courses was 30.2. Since the mean scaled mark and the median scaled mark are generally very similar, Kellie's aggregate is around 318, while Liam's aggregate is around 220, reflecting the difference in the academic achievement of the students they have competed against. Consequently, Kellie's ATAR is significantly higher than Liam's ATAR.

Example 2

Consider the following two students, James and Amy, whose HSC marks are shown in Table 6.2. Their average HSC marks per unit are identical at 38.2, but their ATARs are quite different, 66.00 and 76.00 respectively.

Table 6.2 Two examples of student achievement to show the effect of different scaled means

James ATAR: 66.00			Amy ATAR: 76.00		
Course	HSC mark per course	HSC mark per unit	Course	HSC mark per course	HSC mark per unit
English Standard	79	39.5	Chemistry	76	38.0
Info Processes & Tech	79	39.5	English Advanced	76	38.0
Mathematics Standard 2	71	35.5	Mathematics Advanced	77	38.5
PDH&PE	75	37.5	Studies of Religion II	79	39.5
Society & Culture	78	39.0	German Continuers	74	37.0

Amy has an ATAR that is almost the same as her average HSC course score (76.4) whereas James's ATAR is much lower than his average HSC course score (76.4). If we look at Table A3, the average of the scaled means of the courses taken by James is 22.4, whereas for the average scaled mean for the courses taken by Amy is 31.7.

Example 3

Consider the following two students who completed the same courses. The first student, Fred, receives an HSC mark of 35.0 per unit in each course, while the second student, Laura, receives an HSC mark of 40.0 per unit in each course (Table 6.3).

Table 6.3 Two examples of student achievement: Fred and Laura

Fred ATAR: 57.60		Course	Laura ATAR: 78.30	
HSC mark per unit	Percentile		HSC mark per unit	Percentile
35.0	32	Biology	40.0	68
35.0	38	Business Studies	40.0	65
35.0	4	English Advanced	40.0	38
35.0	25	Mathematics Advanced	40.0	53
35.0	31	Modern History	40.0	64
35.0	7	Visual Arts	40.0	38

Their HSC marks per unit in each course differ by only 5, yet their ATARs differ by 20.70. Laura's ATAR is similar to her HSC course marks (80 per course), while Fred's ATAR is much lower than his HSC course marks (70 per course).

The reason for the large difference in the ATARs can be found in the differences in the percentiles shown in Table 6.3. The percentiles are much higher for Laura than for Fred. Given these large differences, it is not surprising that their ATARs are very different.

The same courses and HSC marks have been used to determine ATARs for Fred and Laura in the period 2010–2024. While their HSC marks are the same, the percentiles (their positions in their courses) have changed because of the changes in the distributions of HSC marks, so their ATARs are different.

Table 6.4 ATARs for Fred and Laura: 2010–2024

Year	Fred	Laura
2010	57.05	80.15
2011	58.20	79.80
2012	57.45	79.65
2013	57.55	80.00
2014	55.95	79.45
2015	57.50	79.65
2016	57.10	78.50
2017	57.55	78.05
2018	57.90	78.15
2019	58.70	78.70
2020	58.00	78.00
2021	58.00	78.00
2022	61.00	80.00
2023	59.90	79.90
2024	57.60	78.30

The ATAR is about position, whereas HSC marks indicate levels of achievement in individual courses.

6.2 Why does this course contribute to my ATAR when another course where I received a higher mark does not count?

As in previous years, this question arose after the results were released because each student is advised which units contribute to their ATAR. The question is not always easy to answer, especially as students are only aware of their HSC marks, which provide little information as to their rankings in their courses.

The question can often be answered by reference to data on the distributions of HSC and scaled marks in Table A3 in the Appendix. Some examples are presented to illustrate the principles involved.

The examples illustrate the general principle that a student's position in their course and the scaled means and standard deviations of their courses are all important in determining which of their courses contribute towards their ATAR.

Also, it must be remembered that a given HSC mark usually corresponds to a range of raw and scaled marks.

Example 1 – Scaled means

The first example (Table 6.5) shows a set of HSC and scaled marks corresponding to results at the 90th percentile of the various course distributions.

Table 6.5 HSC and scaled marks – example 1

Course	Number	Scaled mean	Scaled SD	P ₉₀	
				HSC mark per unit	Scaled mark
Chemistry	9,722	31.8	9.9	45.0	43.4
Design & Technology	4,078	22.9	10.5	45.0	37.2
Economics	5,598	31.5	9.6	45.5	42.3
Physics	8,215	31.1	9.8	45.5	42.7
Study of Religion II	6,169	27.3	10.1	45.5	40.4

These HSC marks are similar and each is at the 90th percentile of a large course with comparable standard deviations. Since the position within the course candidature is the same for each course the scaled mark will depend on the academic quality of the candidature of the course concerned. The highest scaled mark is for Chemistry, which has the highest scaled mean. The lowest scaled mark is for Design & Technology, which has the lowest scaled mean.

Example 2 – Position

Consider students with HSC marks of 47.0 per unit in Retail Services Exam and French Beginners. The student in Retail Services Exam is at the 99th percentile and gains a scaled mark of 41.9, whereas the student in French Beginners is at the 90th percentile and gets a scaled mark of 39.1. Therefore, even though the scaled mean for French Beginners (23.9) is higher than the scaled mean for Retail Services Exam (16.8), the difference in position compensates for this and the Retail Services Exam student gets the higher scaled mark.

Table 6.6 HSC and scaled marks – example 2

	Scaled mean	Scaled SD	Percentile	HSC mark per unit	Scaled mark
Retail Services Exam	16.8	10.8	P ₉₉	47.0	41.9
French Beginners	23.9	11.1	P ₉₀	47.0	39.1

Example 3 – Standard deviations

In some situations, particularly in courses with smaller candidatures, the difference in the distribution spread is also a factor in deciding which course contributes towards the ATAR.

Table 6.7 HSC and scaled marks – example 3

Course	Scaled mean	Scaled SD	P ₉₀	
			HSC mark per unit	Scaled mark
Chinese Extension	38.1	4.9	47.0	43.1
German Continuers	34.6	8.3	47.0	44.8

Consider students at the 90th percentile of Chinese Extension with a HSC mark of 47.0 per unit and scaled mark of 43.1 per unit and at the 90th percentile of German Continuers with a HSC mark of 47.0 and scaled mark of 44.8. Chinese Extension has a scaled mean of 38.1 whereas German Continuers has a scaled mean of 34.6.

The course with the lower scaled mean (German Continuers) has the higher scaled mark corresponding to the HSC mark of 47.0 even though the position is the same in both courses. The reason the scaled marks differ is the spread in the distribution as measured by the standard deviation (SD). German Continuers has SD of 8.3 but Chinese Extension has lower SD at 4.9. German Continuers has a candidature with more varied academic ability than Chinese Extension.

Example 4 – Raw versus HSC marks

As noted in section 4.6, there is not necessarily a unique scaled mark for each HSC mark. From Table A3, by focusing on the maximum mark and the 99th percentile, we see that candidates receiving the top HSC mark of 49.5 in Korean Beginners received scaled marks from 48.1 to 46.7. The top HSC mark in a course does not necessarily reflect the top raw mark in a course and so a candidate with the top HSC mark in the course may not receive the top scaled mark. The pattern of several scaled marks corresponding to a given HSC mark can occur across the distribution, not just at the top of the range.

6.3 Other frequently asked questions

Does the school I attend matter?

No. The school attended does not feature in the ATAR calculation. The ATAR calculation is based only on marks provided by NESA; no other information is used.

Does my postcode matter?

No.

Are certain courses always 'scaled down'?

No. Scaling is carried out afresh each year: if the quality of the candidature changes, the scaled mean will also change.

Is it true that if I study this course I can't get a high ATAR?

No. As Table A1 in the Appendix shows, there are students in every course who achieve high ATARs.

What impact did the variation in patterns of HSC marks have on the ATAR calculations?

None. It is the raw HSC marks rather than the aligned HSC marks that are scaled. The fact that the percentage of students who are placed in Performance Band 6 differs across courses has no effect on the calculation of the ATAR.

Why can't I use my HSC marks to check the calculation of my ATAR?

There are two reasons. The first is the ATAR is a rank that indicates your position in relation to other students, it is not an average mark. Secondly, raw marks are used in the calculation of the ATAR, not the aligned HSC marks.

Can I find out what my scaled marks are?

No. Scaled marks are not reported to students. They are determined during an interim phase in the ATAR calculation.

I have similar HSC marks to my friend, but we don't have similar ATARs. Why not?

Your ATARs would be similar if your courses were the same.

Which courses should I study?

Do not choose courses on the basis of what you believe are the likely effects of scaling. Choice of which courses to study should be determined only by your interests, your demonstrated abilities and the value of courses for your future career plans. The scaling process is designed to allow students to choose according to these principles and not, as far as university selection is concerned, be disadvantaged by their choice. It treats all students on their merits.

Do I get a better ATAR if I study more units?

This is a common question. While the data show that students who study more units tend to gain higher ATARs, determining causality is difficult. The relationship between the number of units studied and ATAR might result from personal attributes including interest, motivation, effort and time management. You cannot assume that simply by studying more units your ATAR will be increased.

What happens if I repeat a course?

If a course is repeated only the last satisfactory attempt is used towards the calculation of the ATAR. Your aggregate will be re-calculated using your new mark. Your aggregate may increase, remain the same or decrease; it depends on your new mark. Since you are being compared with a different cohort your ATAR may increase, remain the same or decrease, even if your aggregate remains the same.

What happens if I accumulate the HSC?

Students who accumulate courses towards their HSC have their scaled marks calculated the year they complete the courses.

What happens if I already have an ATAR and add a new ATAR course the following year?

Your aggregate will be re-calculated using your new course and your previous courses. Provided all your previous courses were taken within the last 5 years, your aggregate may increase or stay the same but it will not go down. However, since you are being compared with a different cohort your ATAR may increase, remain the same or decrease.

Any courses taken more than 5 years ago will be ineligible for inclusion in your new aggregate.

If I'm eligible to get selection rank adjustments, does my ATAR change?

No. Selection rank adjustments do not change your ATAR. They change your selection rank for a particular preference or course.

If selection rank adjustments don't increase my ATAR, then how do they work?

Universities allocate selection rank adjustments for different reasons. Examples include students with a strong performance in specific HSC courses, students who live in or attend school in an area defined by the university and students who have applied for consideration through Educational Access Schemes.

As the selection rank adjustments schemes for each university, and often each course at the same university, are different then your selection rank can be different for each course you list in your course preferences. For some Year 12 applicants, their selection rank for each preference is their ATAR. However, if a university allocates adjustments to you for a particular course then your selection rank for that preference is your ATAR plus adjustments.



7 Appendix

The following courses are not included in Tables A2 to A5 in the Appendix as they had less than 10 students in 2024:

- Classical Greek Continuers
- Classical Greek Extension
- Classical Hebrew Extension
- Croatian Continuers
- Dutch Continuers
- Filipino Continuers
- Hungarian Continuers
- Indonesian and Literature

Some other courses do not appear in all tables if they have less than the minimum number of candidates required for a particular table.

Table A1 Course enrolments, gender, ATAR eligibility and maximum ATAR by course

Excludes courses with less than 10 students.

Table A2 Distributions of 2024 HSC marks by course

Excludes courses with less than 10 students.

Table A3 Descriptive statistics and selected percentiles for HSC marks and scaled marks by course

Excludes courses with less than 10 students completing the course in the current year, or if the students completing the course in the current year are undertaking less than 25 other ATAR courses in the same year, and no percentile data are given for courses with less than 40 students.

Table A4 Distributions of HSC marks by course: 2023 and 2024

Excludes courses with less than 40 students in either year.

Table A5 Distributions of scaled marks by course: 2023 and 2024

Excludes courses with less than 40 students in either year.

Table A6 Courses that contribute to the ATAR (more than 10 units)

Excludes courses with less than 10 students.

Table A7 ATAR distribution

Table A8 ATAR percentiles: 2020–2024

Table A9 Relationship between the ATAR and aggregates: 2020–2024

Table A1 Course enrolments, gender, ATAR eligibility and maximum ATAR by course

- Notes: (i) The **Number all** column includes students who have completed the course in 2024 or in a previous year (and who have done at least one ATAR course in 2024).
- (ii) The **Number HSC** column shows the number of students who completed the course in 2024 or in a previous year and received an HSC award in 2024.
- (iii) The **Number ATAR** column shows the number of students who completed the course in 2024 or in a previous year and who were eligible for an ATAR in 2024.
- (iv) The **% Female** column shows the percentage of students in the course who were female.
- (v) The **% HSC** column shows the percentage of students in the course who received an HSC award in 2024.
- (vi) The **% ATAR-eligible** column shows the percentage of students in the course who were eligible for an ATAR in 2024.
- (vii) The **Maximum ATAR** column shows the maximum ATAR achieved by a student doing the course.
- (viii) The table excludes courses with less than 10 students.

Course	Number all	Number HSC	Number ATAR	% Female	% HSC	% ATAR-eligible	Maximum ATAR
Aboriginal Studies	868	734	494	71.8	84.6	56.9	99.35
Agriculture	1,636	1,528	1,117	50.7	93.4	68.3	99.85
Ancient History	7,870	7,543	6,833	55.7	95.8	86.8	99.95
Biology	19,478	18,835	18,240	63.4	96.7	93.6	99.95
Business Studies	20,050	19,488	18,068	44.3	97.2	90.1	99.95
Chemistry	9,908	9,684	9,675	47.5	97.7	97.6	99.95
Community & Family Studies	9,869	9,523	7,952	89.7	96.5	80.6	99.75
Dance	886	835	729	97.2	94.2	82.3	99.40
Design & Technology	4,166	3,948	3,566	46.5	94.8	85.6	99.80
Drama	3,550	3,423	3,034	67.8	96.4	85.5	99.95
Earth & Environmental Science	2,606	2,508	2,279	50.5	96.2	87.5	99.80
Economics	5,676	5,631	5,601	33.7	99.2	98.7	99.95
Engineering Studies	2,567	2,491	2,419	10.6	97.0	94.2	99.85
English Studies Exam	1,553	1,389	699	44.2	89.4	45.0	94.10
English Standard	33,366	32,597	30,173	49.1	97.7	90.4	99.80
English Advanced	25,518	25,327	25,194	59.7	99.3	98.7	99.95
English EALD	1,264	1,176	1,128	56.6	93.0	89.2	99.85
English Extension 1	3,794	3,787	3,779	72.4	99.8	99.6	99.95
English Extension 2	1,483	1,480	1,475	76.3	99.8	99.5	99.95
Food Technology	4,325	4,077	3,371	68.2	94.3	77.9	99.80
Geography	4,720	4,623	4,322	43.6	97.9	91.6	99.95
Industrial Technology	6,062	5,789	4,191	19.0	95.5	69.1	99.90
Information Processes & Technology	1,839	1,672	1,582	21.6	90.9	86.0	99.95
Investigating Science	3,482	3,146	2,782	45.4	90.4	79.9	99.95
Legal Studies	10,359	10,040	9,579	64.4	96.9	92.5	99.95
Mathematics Standard 1 Exam	2,175	2,017	1,360	53.1	92.7	62.5	93.65
Mathematics Standard 2	31,501	30,883	29,017	51.4	98.0	92.1	99.75
Mathematics Advanced	17,457	15,342	15,323	46.6	87.9	87.8	99.95
Mathematics Extension 1	9,306	8,696	8,696	40.1	93.4	93.4	99.95
Mathematics Extension 2	3,604	3,518	3,520	33.1	97.6	97.7	99.95
Modern History	10,824	10,616	9,932	49.8	98.1	91.8	99.95
History Extension	1,769	1,763	1,754	63.6	99.7	99.2	99.95
Music 1	4,608	4,414	3,727	46.9	95.8	80.9	99.80
Music 2	724	668	662	46.8	92.3	91.4	99.95
Music Extension	395	393	391	47.1	99.5	99.0	99.95
PDH&PE	17,479	1,7084	15,562	54.6	97.7	89.0	99.95

Course	Number all	Number HSC	Number ATAR	% Female	% HSC	% ATAR-eligible	Maximum ATAR
Physics	8,284	8,174	8,135	22.9	98.7	98.2	99.95
Science Extension	760	753	752	57.6	99.1	98.9	99.95
Society & Culture	5,278	5,116	4,767	82.1	96.9	90.3	99.65
Software Design & Development	1,778	1,677	1,622	13.0	94.3	91.2	99.95
Studies of Religion I	9,168	8,256	8,044	55.1	90.1	87.7	99.95
Studies of Religion II	6,361	6,131	6,047	63.8	96.4	95.1	99.90
Textiles & Design	1,704	1,654	1,467	95.9	97.1	86.1	98.95
Visual Arts	8,979	8,637	7,413	74.1	96.2	82.6	99.90
Arabic Continuers	240	231	204	59.6	96.3	85.0	96.55
Arabic Extension	47	45	34	78.7	95.7	72.3	95.90
Armenian Continuers	35	14	15	42.9	40	42.9	84.00
Chinese Beginners	68	64	58	72.1	94.1	85.3	98.00
Chinese Continuers	285	282	280	57.5	98.9	98.2	99.90
Chinese Extension	74	74	74	52.7	100.0	100.0	99.90
Chinese & Literature	252	240	248	58.7	95.2	98.4	99.75
Chinese in Context	97	95	94	64.9	97.9	96.9	99.70
Classical Hebrew Continuers	22	22	22	63.6	100.0	100.0	99.50
French Beginners	360	351	321	75.6	97.5	89.2	99.60
French Continuers	566	535	530	70.5	94.5	93.6	99.95
French Extension	121	121	121	76.0	100.0	100.0	99.95
German Beginners	78	78	78	55.1	100.0	100.0	98.75
German Continuers	191	178	178	51.8	93.2	93.2	99.95
German Extension	49	49	49	42.9	100.0	100.0	99.95
Hindi Continuers	27	16	16	66.7	59.3	59.3	99.15
Hungarian Continuers	16	11	11	43.8	68.8	68.8	95.80
Indonesian Beginners	36	35	34	63.9	97.2	94.4	93.45
Indonesian Continuers	31	31	31	96.8	100.0	100.0	99.80
Indonesian Extension	10	10	10	90.0	100.0	100.0	99.80
Italian Beginners	292	292	268	77.4	100.0	91.8	99.75
Italian Continuers	190	163	160	65.3	85.8	84.2	99.95
Italian Extension	40	34	33	67.5	85.0	82.5	99.70
Japanese Beginners	431	420	397	56.8	97.4	92.1	99.85
Japanese Continuers	770	731	718	60.5	94.9	93.2	99.95
Japanese Extension	157	152	152	64.3	96.8	96.8	99.90
Japanese in Context	24	23	22	62.5	95.8	91.7	99.10
Khmer Continuers	12	10	11	75.0	83.3	91.7	92.20
Korean Beginners	144	141	140	81.9	97.9	97.2	99.40
Korean Continuers	50	50	50	80.0	100.0	100.0	99.95
Korean & Literature	14	13	14	64.3	92.9	100.0	99.50
Korean in Context	29	29	29	69.0	100.0	100.0	98.20
Latin Continuers	113	109	109	52.2	96.5	96.5	99.95
Latin Extension	62	62	62	46.8	100.0	100.0	99.95
Macedonian Continuers	18	18	18	50.0	100.0	100.0	95.80
Modern Greek Beginners	85	84	79	63.5	98.8	92.9	99.05
Modern Greek Continuers	84	69	64	60.7	82.1	76.2	98.60
Modern Greek Extension	25	19	19	64.0	76.0	76.0	98.60

Appendix – Table A1 Course enrolments

Course	Number all	Number HSC	Number ATAR	% Female	% HSC	% ATAR-eligible	Maximum ATAR
Modern Hebrew Continuers	27	22	22	63.0	81.5	81.5	99.50
Persian Continuers	26	24	23	65.4	92.3	88.5	94.95
Polish Continuers	18	15	15	66.7	83.3	83.3	97.80
Portuguese Continuers	24	23	21	62.5	95.8	87.5	94.50
Punjabi Continuers	35	35	35	48.6	100.0	100.0	91.15
Russian Continuers	31	30	30	61.3	96.8	96.8	99.60
Serbian Continuers	31	30	30	54.8	96.8	96.8	99.55
Spanish Beginners	242	239	220	71.1	98.8	90.9	99.75
Spanish Continuers	174	168	161	67.8	96.6	92.5	99.15
Spanish Extension	50	49	49	68.0	98.0	98.0	99.15
Swedish Continuers	25	14	14	56.0	56.0	56.0	94.45
Tamil Continuers	94	40	42	70.2	42.6	44.7	98.65
Turkish Continuers	43	33	33	72.1	76.7	76.7	97.85
Vietnamese Continuers	135	119	127	62.2	88.1	94.1	97.20
Automotive Exam	230	176	108	10.9	76.5	47.0	93.75
Business Services Exam	1,183	1,064	937	68.6	89.9	79.2	96.55
Construction Exam	1,592	1,491	1,145	7.5	93.7	71.9	98.15
Electrotechnology Exam	262	248	185	6.1	94.7	70.6	96.65
Entertainment Industry Exam	882	837	758	54.1	94.9	85.9	99.00
Financial Services Exam	119	79	75	33.6	66.4	63.0	99.00
Hospitality Exam	5,067	4,628	4,122	70.5	91.3	81.3	99.45
Human Services Exam	635	624	551	91.3	98.3	86.8	97.60
Information & Digital Technology Exam	387	369	341	13.2	95.3	88.1	94.85
Primary Industries Exam	591	529	390	57.7	89.5	66.0	93.05
Retail Services Exam	822	677	575	63.6	82.4	70.0	97.85
Tourism, Travel & Events Exam	54	52	37	83.3	96.3	68.5	96.20
Total	74,291	66,101	57,194	52.5	89.0	77.0	99.95



Table A2 Distributions of 2024 HSC marks by course

- Notes: (i) The **Number** column shows the number of students who completed the course in 2024.
(ii) The **Median HSC mark** column shows the median HSC mark per course.
(iii) The **Median band** column indicates the performance band in which the median HSC mark lies.
(iv) The **Percentage of students in performance band** columns show the percentage of a course candidature in each of the Performance Bands 6 to 2. Extension courses show only Bands 4 to 2 as they have four bands only: E1 to E4.
(v) This table excludes courses with less than 10 students.

Course	Number	Median HSC mark	Median band	Percentage students in performance band				
				6	5	4	3	2
Aboriginal Studies	759	74	4	11	26	23	19	15
Agriculture	1,586	73	4	11	20	27	25	14
Ancient History	7,755	75	4	10	28	28	19	11
Biology	19,044	76	4	7	29	35	18	10
Business Studies	19,570	75	4	11	27	27	23	9
Chemistry	9,722	76	4	11	27	28	20	11
Community & Family Studies	9,772	76	4	6	30	36	21	6
Dance	849	84	5	19	49	22	10	<1
Design & Technology	4,078	79	4	12	36	29	18	3
Drama	3,481	82	5	23	39	30	7	1
Earth & Environmental Science	2,571	74	4	6	27	31	25	10
Economics	5,598	80	5	14	38	27	14	5
Engineering Studies	2,508	74	4	10	22	36	26	5
English Studies Exam	1,491	58	2	<1	<1	11	35	40
English Standard	32,992	73	4	1	13	54	25	7
English Advanced	25,397	83	5	15	52	29	3	<1
English EALD	1,246	71	4	6	19	28	29	12
English Extension 1	3,782	44	E3			42	54	4
English Extension 2	1,479	42	E3			34	53	12
Food Technology	4,262	73	4	10	23	29	27	10
Geography	4,661	76	4	10	28	36	18	6
Industrial Technology	5,959	71	4	7	16	32	32	11
Information Processes & Technology	1,715	74	4	7	24	32	22	9
Investigating Science	3,240	75	4	7	29	33	24	6
Legal Studies	10,209	77	4	15	28	26	20	9
Mathematics Standard 1 Exam	2,139	72	4	3	20	35	32	9
Mathematics Standard 2	31,140	73	4	9	19	30	24	13
Mathematics Advanced	16,559	80	5	22	28	27	17	5
Mathematics Extension 1	8,846	84	E3			35	45	17
Mathematics Extension 2	3,544	87	E3			40	46	12
Modern History	10,590	77	4	10	29	32	19	8
History Extension	1,761	42	E3			28	58	12
Music 1	4,554	84	5	20	47	22	8	2
Music 2	659	87	5	36	48	14	2	
Music Extension	390	47	E4			70	27	3
PDH&PE	17,258	75	4	9	26	32	24	8
Physics	8,215	76	4	12	26	27	21	11
Science Extension	753	39	E3			9	73	17

Course	Number	Median HSC mark	Median band	Percentage students in performance band				
				6	5	4	3	2
Society & Culture	5,181	78	4	12	33	33	16	4
Software Design & Development	1,708	76	4	13	26	30	19	10
Studies of Religion I	8,475	39	4	14	30	36	16	3
Studies of Religion II	6,169	79	4	13	34	34	14	4
Textiles & Design	1,694	79	4	16	33	26	16	6
Visual Arts	8,832	83	5	17	50	27	5	1
Arabic Continuers	240	81	5	17	43	33	8	1
Arabic Extension	47	41	E3			36	60	4
Armenian Continuers	23	86	5	30	52	13	4	
Chinese Beginners	68	90	6	50	16	7	7	9
Chinese Continuers	283	88	5	47	32	15	5	1
Chinese Extension	73	46	E4			63	33	4
Chinese & Literature	252	84	5	19	56	21	2	1
Chinese in Context	97	92	6	68	26	5		
Classical Hebrew Continuers	22	91	6	59	18	18	5	
French Beginners	356	77	4	20	24	27	20	5
French Continuers	544	83	5	25	38	28	7	2
French Extension	121	42	E3			26	64	11
German Beginners	68	83	5	32	21	31	12	4
German Continuers	178	83	5	26	35	30	8	1
German Extension	49	46	E4			71	29	
Hindi Continuers	18	88	5	39	44		17	
Indonesian Beginners	36	79	4	28	19	17	31	6
Indonesian Continuers	31	90	6	52	35	10	3	
Indonesian Extension	10	43	E3			40	60	
Italian Beginners	292	80	5	25	27	21	18	6
Italian Continuers	167	84	5	23	43	28	5	
Italian Extension	39	45	E4			54	44	3
Japanese Beginners	430	76	4	12	28	28	16	10
Japanese Continuers	731	83	5	23	37	22	11	5
Japanese Extension	146	44	E3			46	49	5
Japanese in Context	24	90	6	50	46	4		
Khmer Continuers	12	90	6	58	33			8
Korean Beginners	144	80	5	25	26	33	9	4
Korean Continuers	50	94	6	88	8	4		
Korean & Literature	14	84	5	43	36	21		
Korean in Context	29	91	6	66	31	3		
Latin Continuers	113	91	6	55	36	6	3	
Latin Extension	62	47	E4			79	21	
Macedonian Continuers	18	76	4	17	22	28	22	11
Modern Greek Beginners	85	88	5	45	27	18	9	1
Modern Greek Continuers	71	87	5	42	31	20	6	
Modern Greek Extension	19	43	E3			32	63	5
Modern Hebrew Continuers	18	95	6	100				
Persian Continuers	26	91	6	54	27	15	4	

Appendix – Table A2 Distributions of 2024 HSC marks by course

Course	Number	Median HSC mark	Median band	Percentage students in performance band				
				6	5	4	3	2
Polish Continuers	18	95	6	89	11			
Portuguese Continuers	21	87	5	33	52	10	5	
Punjabi Continuers	35	88	5	40	37	14	9	
Russian Continuers	31	93	6	71	29			
Serbian Continuers	30	84	5	40	17	17	20	7
Spanish Beginners	241	82	5	24	33	26	13	3
Spanish Continuers	174	84	5	21	44	21	10	3
Spanish Extension	50	44	E3			44	52	4
Swedish Continuers	12	92	6	58	25	8		8
Tamil Continuers	51	93	6	78	18	4		
Turkish Continuers	32	88	5	41	34	19	6	
Vietnamese Continuers	135	79	4	12	36	44	7	1
Automotive Exam	203	69	3	3	14	27	42	12
Business Services Exam	1,082	75	4	4	24	45	19	7
Construction Exam	1,529	79	4	7	39	34	17	2
Electrotechnology Exam	258	71	4	3	18	36	33	10
Entertainment Industry Exam	844	78	4	16	29	32	18	4
Financial Services Exam	87	75	4	3	21	48	18	6
Hospitality Exam	4,759	77	4	5	34	41	17	3
Human Services Exam	630	72	4	4	15	43	33	4
Information & Digital Technology Exam	355	77	4	5	32	44	17	2
Primary Industries Exam	555	75	4	3	27	44	23	3
Retail Services Exam	725	72	4	3	15	40	32	9
Tourism, Travel & Events Exam	49	74	4	2	20	43	29	6

Table A3 Descriptive statistics and selected percentiles for HSC marks and scaled marks by course

- Notes: (i) The **Number** column shows the number of students who completed the course in 2024.
(ii) The **P₉₉, P₉₀, P₇₅, P₅₀, P₂₅** columns refer to the 99th, 90th, 75th, 50th and 25th percentiles respectively.
(iii) The table excludes courses with less than 10 students completing the course in the current year, or if the group of students completing the course in the current year are collectively undertaking less than 25 other ATAR courses in the same year. No percentile data are given for courses with less than 40 students.
(iv) This table should not be used as a simple HSC to scaled mark conversion table. For each HSC mark there can be a range of raw marks and therefore a range of scaled marks.

Course	Number	Type of mark	Mean	SD	Max. mark	P ₉₉	P ₉₀	P ₇₅	P ₅₀	P ₂₅
Aboriginal Studies	759	hsc	36.3	7.2	49.5	48.5	45.0	42.0	37.0	31.0
		sca	15.1	12.1	44.7	43.6	34.3	23.9	11.9	4.4
Agriculture	1,586	hsc	36.3	6.4	50.0	48.5	45.0	41.0	36.5	31.5
		sca	18.6	11.2	45.6	42.1	35.0	27.4	17.1	9.1
Ancient History	7,755	hsc	36.7	6.9	50.0	48.0	44.5	41.5	37.5	32.5
		sca	22.7	11.3	49.5	45.2	38.1	31.4	22.8	13.7
Biology	19,044	hsc	37.1	5.7	49.0	47.0	44.0	41.5	38.0	33.5
		sca	26.0	10.4	50.0	45.5	39.5	34.3	26.6	18.2
Business Studies	19,570	hsc	36.9	6.5	49.5	47.5	45.0	42.0	37.5	33.0
		sca	23.5	11.4	50.0	45.4	39.0	32.8	23.5	14.2
Chemistry	9,722	hsc	37.3	6.2	50.0	48.0	45.0	42.0	38.0	33.0
		sca	31.8	9.9	50.0	47.1	43.4	39.9	33.7	24.9
Community & Family Studies	9,772	hsc	37.5	5.2	49.5	47.0	44.0	41.5	38.0	34.0
		sca	18.4	10.7	44.4	40.9	33.8	26.9	17.4	9.4
Dance	849	hsc	41.2	4.6	50.0	49.5	46.5	44.0	42.0	38.5
		sca	23.4	11.9	48.2	46.0	40.0	32.6	23.5	13.9
Design & Technology	4,078	hsc	38.9	5.1	50.0	48.0	45.0	43.0	39.5	35.0
		sca	22.9	10.5	48.6	45.3	37.2	31.0	22.8	14.5
Drama	3,481	hsc	41.1	4.4	50.0	49.0	46.5	44.5	41.0	38.5
		sca	24.2	11.3	50.0	47.2	39.7	33.0	23.8	15.5
Earth & Environmental Science	2,571	hsc	36.7	5.6	48.5	46.5	43.5	41.0	37.0	33.0
		sca	22.6	11.0	48.3	44.4	37.4	31.3	22.7	13.6
Economics	5,598	hsc	38.9	6.0	50.0	48.0	45.5	43.5	40.0	35.5
		sca	31.5	9.6	50.0	46.4	42.3	38.9	33.4	25.6
Engineering Studies	2,508	hsc	37.3	5.3	49.5	48.0	44.5	41.0	37.0	34.0
		sca	26.1	10.0	49.7	46.0	39.6	33.7	26.1	18.6
English Studies Exam	1,491	hsc	28.5	6.2	45.0	39.0	35.0	32.5	29.0	26.5
		sca	8.8	5.9	41.8	27.5	16.1	12.6	8.1	4.1
English Standard	32,992	hsc	35.9	4.0	48.0	44.0	40.5	38.5	36.5	33.5
		sca	20.1	8.2	47.7	39.5	31.2	25.8	19.6	14.0
English Advanced	25,397	hsc	41.2	3.4	49.5	47.5	45.5	43.5	41.5	39.0
		sca	32.7	8.1	50.0	46.7	42.4	38.8	33.7	27.6
English EALD	1,246	hsc	35.1	6.7	49.0	47.5	43.5	39.5	35.5	31.5
		sca	21.2	11.7	49.1	46.8	38.2	30.2	19.6	11.8
English Extension 1	3,782	hsc	42.9	4.3	50.0	49.0	47.0	46.0	44.0	41.0
		sca	36.2	6.2	50.0	46.9	43.3	40.6	36.9	32.7
English Extension 2	1,479	hsc	41.3	5.6	50.0	50.0	48.0	46.0	42.0	38.0
		sca	35.8	6.6	50.0	48.7	44.4	40.7	36.0	31.4
Food Technology	4,262	hsc	36.7	6.0	50.0	48.5	44.5	41.5	36.5	32.5
		sca	18.8	11.3	45.8	43.3	35.9	27.6	16.8	9.2

Appendix – Table A3 Descriptive statistics and selected percentiles for HSC marks and scaled marks by course

Course	Number	Type of mark	Mean	SD	Max. mark	P ₉₉	P ₉₀	P ₇₅	P ₅₀	P ₂₅
Geography	4661	hsc	37.7	5.8	49.5	47.5	45.0	42.0	38.0	34.5
		sca	25.4	11.1	50.0	46.2	39.8	34.1	25.9	17.2
Industrial Technology	5959	hsc	35.6	5.8	50.0	47.5	43.5	39.5	35.5	32.0
		sca	17.6	10.5	42.8	39.9	33.2	25.4	16.3	8.8
Information Processes & Technology	1715	hsc	36.1	6.5	48.5	47.0	44.0	40.5	37.0	32.5
		sca	23.6	11.2	49.8	44.8	38.3	32.7	23.9	14.8
Investigating Science	3240	hsc	37.5	5.1	48.5	46.5	44.0	41.5	37.5	34.0
		sca	20.3	11.0	47.1	43.2	35.4	28.9	19.6	11.4
Legal Studies	10209	hsc	38.0	6.2	49.5	48.0	45.5	43.0	38.5	33.5
		sca	25.0	11.2	50.0	46.0	39.8	34.0	25.6	16.1
Mathematics Standard 1 Exam	2139	hsc	35.7	5.4	49.5	47.0	43.0	39.5	36.0	32.0
		sca	13.4	9.1	35.6	33.8	27.8	19.8	11.8	5.5
Mathematics Standard 2	31140	hsc	36.0	6.4	49.5	48.0	44.5	40.5	36.5	31.5
		sca	22.8	10.3	46.8	43.2	37.3	30.9	22.3	14.4
Mathematics Advanced	16559	hsc	39.4	5.7	50.0	48.5	46.5	44.5	40.0	35.0
		sca	32.0	9.0	50.0	46.4	42.5	38.9	33.5	26.2
Mathematics Extension 1	8846	hsc	40.3	6.9	50.0	49.0	47.5	46.0	42.0	36.0
		sca	39.6	7.2	50.0	49.1	46.9	44.8	41.3	36.5
Mathematics Extension 2	3544	hsc	41.5	6.1	50.0	49.0	47.0	46.0	43.5	38.5
		sca	43.4	5.0	50.0	49.3	47.9	46.6	44.7	41.9
Modern History	10590	hsc	37.7	5.8	49.0	47.5	45.0	42.0	38.5	34.0
		sca	25.2	11.0	50.0	46.1	39.5	33.8	25.8	16.9
History Extension	1,761	hsc	40.6	5.7	50.0	48.0	47.0	45.0	42.0	38.0
		sca	32.9	7.2	49.6	45.8	41.8	38.4	33.6	28.2



Appendix – Table A3 Descriptive statistics and selected percentiles for HSC marks and scaled marks by course

Course	Number	Type of mark	Mean	SD	Max. mark	P ₉₉	P ₉₀	P ₇₅	P ₅₀	P ₂₅
Music 1	4,554	hsc	41.0	4.8	50.0	48.5	46.0	44.0	42.0	38.5
		sca	21.1	10.8	46.8	43.1	36.0	29.3	20.7	12.3
Music 2	659	hsc	43.2	3.5	50.0	49.5	47.5	45.5	43.5	41.5
		sca	34.5	8.3	50.0	48.7	44.6	40.5	35.7	29.3
Music Extension	390	hsc	45.7	4.4	50.0	50.0	50.0	49.0	47.0	44.0
		sca	35.8	9.8	50.0	50.0	49.4	44.0	35.8	29.0
PDH&PE	17,258	hsc	37.2	5.5	48.5	47.0	44.5	41.5	37.5	33.5
		sca	22.6	10.8	48.6	43.9	37.6	31.2	22.2	13.9
Physics	8,215	hsc	37.1	6.6	49.5	48.0	45.5	42.0	38.0	32.5
		sca	31.1	9.8	50.0	47.1	42.7	38.8	32.8	24.5
Science Extension	753	hsc	38.5	4.8	49.0	49.0	44.0	42.0	39.0	36.0
		sca	32.2	7.1	49.2	48.0	40.9	37.1	32.6	27.8
Society & Culture	5,181	hsc	38.7	5.3	49.5	48.0	45.0	42.5	39.0	35.5
		sca	23.0	10.9	48.7	45.4	38.0	31.4	22.8	14.5
Software Design & Development	1,708	hsc	37.3	6.5	49.5	48.0	45.5	42.5	38.0	33.5
		sca	26.6	10.6	50.0	45.3	40.2	35.1	27.9	19.1
Studies of Religion I	8,475	hsc	38.7	5.1	50.0	49.0	45.0	42.0	39.0	35.0
		sca	27.6	9.3	49.1	46.0	39.9	34.8	27.7	20.5
Studies of Religion II	6,169	hsc	39.0	5.2	49.5	48.0	45.5	43.0	39.5	36.0
		sca	27.3	10.1	50.0	46.5	40.4	35.1	27.9	20.0
Textiles & Design	1,694	hsc	38.7	6.1	49.5	48.5	46.0	43.5	39.5	35.0
		sca	23.3	11.3	49.1	45.5	38.5	32.3	23.4	14.6
Visual Arts	8,832	hsc	41.2	3.8	50.0	48.0	45.5	44.0	41.5	39.0
		sca	21.9	11.1	48.9	45.5	37.5	30.5	21.2	12.9
Arabic Continuers	240	hsc	40.5	4.2	49.5	48.5	45.5	43.5	40.5	38.0
		sca	17.0	11.3	44.7	42.3	33.8	24.4	14.3	7.7
Arabic Extension	47	hsc	41.5	4.9	49.0	49.0	48.0	46.0	41.0	37.0
		sca	24.9	7.9	42.3	42.3	36.7	29.5	22.5	18.3
Chinese Beginners	68	hsc	39.9	10.6	49.5	49.5	48.5	48.0	44.5	34.0
		sca	24.4	14.6	49.8	49.8	41.3	36.1	26.2	12.7
Chinese Continuers	283	hsc	43.0	4.3	49.0	49.0	47.5	46.5	44.0	40.5
		sca	33.1	8.6	50.0	49.1	42.9	40.3	34.4	27.2
Chinese Extension	73	hsc	44.5	3.6	50.0	50.0	47.0	47.0	46.0	44.0
		sca	38.1	4.9	50.0	50.0	43.1	41.4	38.9	35.3
Chinese & Literature	252	hsc	41.6	3.5	48.0	47.5	45.5	44.0	42.0	40.0
		sca	25.7	10.5	50.0	48.0	40.3	33.4	25.7	18.5
Chinese in Context	97	hsc	45.1	3.7	49.0	49.0	48.0	47.5	46.0	44.0
		sca	30.3	11.0	50.0	50.0	44.7	39.5	30.5	22.5
Classical Hebrew Continuers	22	hsc	43.2	4.1	48.0					
		sca	32.1	8.1	48.4					
French Beginners	356	hsc	37.9	8.1	50.0	49.5	47.0	43.5	38.5	34.0
		sca	23.9	11.1	48.8	47.6	39.1	31.4	23.6	15.9
French Continuers	544	hsc	41.0	4.7	49.5	49.0	46.5	45.0	41.5	38.0
		sca	34.3	8.0	50.0	48.0	43.4	40.3	35.5	29.4
French Extension	121	hsc	40.8	4.6	48.0	48.0	47.0	45.0	42.0	37.0
		sca	39.2	5.0	50.0	49.6	46.3	42.6	39.5	35.6

Appendix – Table A3 Descriptive statistics and selected percentiles for HSC marks and scaled marks by course

Course	Number	Type of mark	Mean	SD	Max. mark	P ₉₉	P ₉₀	P ₇₅	P ₅₀	P ₂₅
German Beginners	68	hsc	40.8	5.9	50.0	50.0	48.0	47.0	41.5	36.0
		sca	27.2	10.2	49.1	49.1	41.1	37.0	27.3	19.3
German Continuers	178	hsc	41.2	4.6	49.0	49.0	47.0	45.0	41.5	38.0
		sca	34.6	8.3	50.0	49.8	44.8	40.7	35.7	29.4
German Extension	49	hsc	45.2	2.8	49.0	49.0	48.0	47.0	46.0	44.0
		sca	39.5	5.1	50.0	50.0	45.8	43.7	40.0	36.2
Hindi Continuers	18	hsc	42.6	5.3	48.0					
		sca	24.1	13.5	50.0					
Indonesian Beginners	36	hsc	39.3	6.1	49.0					
		sca	21.9	9.1	42.0					
Indonesian Continuers	31	hsc	44.3	3.8	49.5					
		sca	33.9	8.6	50.0					
Indonesian Extension	10	hsc	43.2	3.2	48.0					
		sca	38.3	5.9	50.0					
Italian Beginners	292	hsc	39.2	6.7	49.5	49.5	46.5	45.0	40.0	34.5
		sca	25.6	10.7	49.6	48.6	38.6	33.9	25.6	16.9
Italian Continuers	167	hsc	41.4	4.1	49.5	49.5	46.0	44.5	42.0	38.5
		sca	31.6	8.5	50.0	49.5	42.5	38.2	31.9	25.2
Italian Extension	39	hsc	44.2	3.9	50.0					
		sca	37.2	6.1	50.0					
Japanese Beginners	430	hsc	36.8	7.7	49.0	48.5	45.5	42.5	37.5	33.0
		sca	24.6	10.9	47.4	46.0	39.0	33.4	24.5	16.5
Japanese Continuers	731	hsc	39.9	6.1	49.5	48.5	46.0	44.5	41.5	37.0
		sca	31.5	9.8	50.0	47.3	42.4	39.1	33.6	25.7
Japanese Extension	146	hsc	43.0	4.3	49.0	49.0	48.0	46.0	44.0	41.0
		sca	37.5	5.3	50.0	50.0	44.2	40.8	37.1	34.4
Japanese in Context	24	hsc	44.6	2.0	47.5					
		sca	28.7	10.9	49.6					
Khmer Continuers	12	hsc	43.0	4.5	46.5					
		sca	20.9	15.1	49.0					
Korean Beginners	144	hsc	39.9	6.5	49.5	49.5	47.5	44.5	40.0	36.5
		sca	25.7	10.6	48.1	46.7	39.9	33.7	25.2	17.6
Korean Continuers	50	hsc	46.6	2.4	49.5	49.5	48.5	48.0	47.0	46.0
		sca	32.4	8.6	50.0	50.0	43.5	38.9	32.5	27.2
Korean & Literature	14	hsc	43.0	3.5	48.0					
		sca	27.3	13.2	50.0					
Korean in Context	29	hsc	45.2	2.5	48.5					
		sca	29.5	10.2	50.0					
Latin Continuers	113	hsc	44.4	3.7	49.0	49.0	48.0	47.0	45.5	43.0
		sca	41.3	6.9	50.0	50.0	48.3	46.3	42.9	38.2
Latin Extension	62	hsc	46.1	2.8	50.0	50.0	49.0	48.0	47.0	45.0
		sca	42.7	5.8	50.0	50.0	49.5	47.6	44.4	39.4
Macedonian Continuers	18	hsc	37.8	5.8	48.0					
		sca	23.2	8.9	42.9					
Modern Greek Beginners	85	hsc	43.0	5.1	49.5	49.5	49.0	47.5	44.0	39.5
		sca	27.1	9.8	46.0	46.0	40.6	35.0	27.1	19.4

Course	Number	Type of mark	Mean	SD	Max. mark	P ₉₉	P ₉₀	P ₇₅	P ₅₀	P ₂₅
Modern Greek Continuers	71	hsc	42.5	5.7	49.5	49.5	48.5	47.0	43.5	39.0
		sca	27.6	11.5	50.0	50.0	43.8	37.7	26.8	18.5
Modern Greek Extension	19	hsc	41.7	5.0	50.0					
		sca	37.7	5.6	50.0					
Modern Hebrew Continuers	18	hsc	47.0	1.3	49.5					
		sca	36.0	8.5	50.0					
Persian Continuers	26	hsc	43.7	3.6	47.5					
		sca	19.3	15.1	47.9					
Polish Continuers	18	hsc	47.2	1.9	49.0					
		sca	30.2	13.2	48.3					
Portuguese Continuers	21	hsc	42.7	3.4	46.5					
		sca	24.5	9.2	42.3					
Punjabi Continuers	35	hsc	42.5	4.0	48.0					
		sca	23.7	10.1	46.0					
Russian Continuers	31	hsc	46.1	1.9	49.5					
		sca	29.6	9.6	50.0					
Serbian Continuers	30	hsc	40.7	6.5	49.0					
		sca	22.9	12.7	49.0					
Spanish Beginners	241	hsc	40.2	5.7	49.0	48.5	47.5	44.5	41.0	36.0
		sca	25.8	12.1	50.0	47.5	43.0	34.9	26.5	16.2



Appendix – Table A3 Descriptive statistics and selected percentiles for HSC marks and scaled marks by course

Course	Number	Type of mark	Mean	SD	Max. mark	P ₉₉	P ₉₀	P ₇₅	P ₅₀	P ₂₅
Spanish Continuers	174	hsc	40.8	4.9	48.5	48.0	46.5	44.5	42.0	37.0
		sca	26.2	11.0	50.0	48.5	40.8	33.4	26.7	18.3
Spanish Extension	50	hsc	43.0	3.9	49.0	49.0	47.0	46.0	44.0	41.0
		sca	30.9	6.2	45.7	45.7	37.4	35.2	30.0	26.9
Turkish Continuers	32	hsc	42.7	4.4	49.0					
		sca	23.5	10.0	45.5					
Vietnamese Continuers	135	hsc	39.8	3.7	48.0	46.5	45.0	43.0	39.5	37.5
		sca	22.1	10.0	46.3	41.7	36.9	30.9	20.7	13.8
Automotive Exam	203	hsc	35.0	4.9	49.0	46.0	41.5	38.5	34.5	31.0
		sca	14.3	9.5	37.6	35.4	28.1	21.7	11.8	6.0
Business Services Exam	1,082	hsc	37.2	5.0	49.5	48.0	43.0	40.5	37.5	34.5
		sca	19.0	10.1	43.3	41.8	33.0	27.0	17.4	11.2
Construction Exam	1,529	hsc	38.8	4.8	48.5	47.0	44.5	42.5	39.5	36.0
		sca	16.8	10.2	41.5	38.9	31.0	24.4	15.5	8.6
Electrotechnology Exam	258	hsc	35.7	4.6	46.5	46.0	42.0	39.5	35.5	32.0
		sca	18.4	8.7	39.5	39.0	31.2	24.9	16.5	11.2
Entertainment Industry Exam	844	hsc	38.7	5.7	49.5	48.5	45.5	43.0	39.0	35.0
		sca	21.9	9.8	45.7	43.7	35.1	29.2	21.4	14.0
Financial Services Exam	87	hsc	36.5	5.6	48.0	48.0	42.5	39.5	37.5	34.5
		sca	21.2	9.8	44.8	44.8	34.1	27.5	21.6	14.9
Hospitality Exam	4,759	hsc	38.2	4.4	48.5	46.5	43.5	41.5	38.5	35.5
		sca	19.2	10.2	44.2	41.0	33.8	26.9	19.2	11.0
Human Services Exam	630	hsc	36.4	4.1	47.5	46.5	42.0	39.0	36.0	33.5
		sca	18.8	9.4	41.7	40.1	32.3	25.3	17.5	11.1
Information & Digital Technology Exam	355	hsc	38.3	4.2	47.5	47.0	44.0	41.0	38.5	35.5
		sca	20.8	9.2	43.1	41.7	33.8	27.3	21.0	13.8
Primary Industries Exam	555	hsc	37.6	4.0	47.5	47.0	42.5	40.5	37.5	34.5
		sca	17.2	9.2	39.6	39.2	30.5	24.1	16.3	9.7
Retail Services Exam	725	hsc	35.7	5.0	49.0	47.0	42.0	39.0	36.0	33.0
		sca	16.8	10.8	43.3	41.9	32.6	24.5	16.2	8.0
Tourism, Travel & Events Exam	49	hsc	37.0	4.7	46.5	46.5	43.5	39.5	37.0	34.0
		sca	19.3	10.8	44.6	44.6	36.6	24.0	17.2	11.3

Table A4 Distributions of HSC marks by course: 2023 and 2024

- Notes: (i) The **Number** column shows the number of students who completed the course in the given year.
(ii) **Columns 45, 40, 35, 30 and 25** show the percentage of the course candidature with an HSC mark less than the specified mark.
(iii) The table excludes courses with less than 40 students in either year.

Course	Year	Number	Percentage of students with HSC mark less than				
			45	40	35	30	25
Aboriginal Studies	2024	759	89.1	62.7	39.3	20.0	5.3
	2023	781	87.2	61.7	37.4	18.7	7.0
Agriculture	2024	1,586	88.9	68.9	41.7	16.5	2.7
	2023	1,417	89.6	69.2	42.3	14.6	4.0
Ancient History	2024	7,755	90.4	62.7	34.6	15.4	4.8
	2023	6,682	90.7	67.3	39.0	19.0	5.7
Biology	2024	19,044	93.3	64.4	29.9	11.8	2.2
	2023	19,382	91.7	68.0	36.1	10.6	1.5
Business Studies	2024	19,570	89.5	62.5	35.6	12.8	4.0
	2023	18,705	88.6	63.9	35.9	11.8	2.0
Chemistry	2024	9,722	88.6	61.2	32.7	12.7	2.1
	2023	9,892	87.6	61.7	33.7	14.3	1.8
Community & Family Studies	2024	9,772	93.8	64.2	28.0	7.3	1.4
	2023	9,099	94.2	64.1	27.9	7.8	1.5
Dance	2024	849	81.2	32.6	10.4	0.8	0.5
	2023	777	83.1	31.1	8.4	0.6	0.1
Design & Technology	2024	4,078	87.9	52.0	22.5	4.1	0.6
	2023	3,783	87.8	52.7	22.0	5.0	1.1
Drama	2024	3,481	77.0	38.1	7.8	1.1	0.1
	2023	3,324	78.5	39.7	11.8	1.1	0.1
Earth & Environmental Science	2024	2,571	94.3	67.3	36.3	11.6	1.6
	2023	2,553	92.6	66.3	39.2	16.8	4.9
Economics	2024	5,598	86.2	48.4	21.9	7.6	2.1
	2023	5,515	86.9	51.5	23.4	7.7	2.2
Engineering Studies	2024	2,508	90.2	67.9	32.0	6.1	1.0
	2023	2,557	91.2	70.6	31.3	4.8	0.3
English Studies Exam	2024	1491	99.9	99.6	88.6	53.9	14.3
	2023	1,230	100.0	99.6	90.4	54.2	14.9
English Standard	2024	32,992	99.4	86.6	32.7	7.6	0.7
	2023	31,696	99.7	86.8	40.3	10.3	1.6
English Advanced	2024	25,397	84.9	32.4	3.5	0.5	0.1
	2023	25,102	86.2	32.8	4.7	0.6	0.1
English EALD	2024	1,246	94.0	75.1	46.7	17.3	5.3
	2023	1,204	95.0	78.2	46.5	22.0	6.6
English Extension 1	2024	3,782	58.0	19.1	4.5	0.9	0.5
	2023	3,671	59.1	21.0	5.6	1.3	0.3
English Extension 2	2024	1,479	66.1	32.4	12.6	3.6	0.7
	2023	1,408	71.2	35.7	14.3	4.5	0.7
Food Technology	2024	4,262	90.4	67.6	38.4	11.9	2.2
	2023	3,743	93.2	69.8	35.1	11.3	2.1



Course	Year	Number	Percentage of students with HSC mark less than				
			45	40	35	30	25
Geography	2024	4,661	89.8	62.0	26.5	8.6	2.6
	2023	4,025	90.1	58.1	22.3	7.2	2.2
Industrial Technology	2024	5,959	93.3	76.9	45.0	13.1	2.4
	2023	5,808	92.4	76.3	45.5	14.2	2.2
Information Processes & Technology	2024	1,715	92.7	69.0	36.9	14.8	5.5
	2023	1,739	93.2	68.4	41.7	19.0	6.0
Investigating Science	2024	3,240	92.6	64.0	30.6	7.0	0.6
	2023	2,875	92.6	65.7	28.7	8.2	1.7
Legal Studies	2024	10,209	84.6	56.4	30.5	10.5	1.9
	2023	10,244	86.0	57.5	30.5	9.7	2.8
Mathematics Standard 1 Exam	2024	2,139	96.5	76.9	42.4	10.3	1.5
	2023	1,608	96.7	78.5	38.1	8.4	1.7
Mathematics Standard 2	2024	31,140	90.6	71.2	40.9	16.8	3.4
	2023	30,805	90.8	68.4	42.1	17.7	3.5
Mathematics Advanced	2024	16,559	77.7	50.0	22.6	5.2	0.5
	2023	16,428	77.7	50.2	24.6	6.9	1.3
Mathematics Extension 1	2024	8,846	65.0	39.3	19.7	7.3	2.5
	2023	8,390	65.7	45.7	28.1	11.2	4.1
Mathematics Extension 2	2024	3,544	59.8	30.4	13.6	5.8	1.7
	2023	3,273	62.2	31.9	14.2	5.4	1.4
Modern History	2024	10,590	89.6	60.8	28.5	9.5	1.3
	2023	10,456	89.7	64.9	35.8	15.6	3.9
History Extension	2024	1,761	71.9	34.2	13.6	4.5	1.4
	2023	1,730	73.6	36.4	14.7	6.0	1.6
Music 1	2024	4,554	79.8	32.4	10.4	2.9	0.4
	2023	4,380	77.4	31.0	10.2	2.0	0.7
Music 2	2024	659	63.9	15.8	2.3		
	2023	727	65.2	14.7	1.2	0.1	
Music Extension	2024	390	30.3	10.8	2.8	0.5	
	2023	386	29.5	12.2	4.1		
PDH&PE	2024	17,258	91.5	65.0	32.7	8.9	1.1
	2023	16,873	93.6	69.0	36.5	10.4	1.4
Physics	2024	8,215	87.6	61.7	34.9	13.9	2.9
	2023	7,921	86.9	61.1	32.5	10.9	1.1
Science Extension	2024	753	91.1	56.7	18.3	3.5	0.9
	2023	794	92.8	61.2	22.0	6.4	1.1
Society & Culture	2024	5,181	87.9	54.6	21.2	5.1	1.1
	2023	5,040	88.4	55.1	19.8	5.1	0.9
Software Design & Development	2024	1,708	87.4	61.5	31.7	12.7	3.0
	2023	1,648	87.9	64.7	34.8	12.1	2.8
Studies of Religion I	2024	8,475	86.0	56.2	19.8	3.7	0.7
	2023	8,239	86.1	51.4	15.9	3.2	0.6
Studies of Religion II	2024	6,169	87.2	53.2	18.8	5.1	0.9
	2023	5,734	89.2	53.8	17.7	5.0	1.1
Textiles & Design	2024	1,694	83.6	50.5	24.0	8.3	2.5
	2023	1,401	83.4	48.5	21.4	5.8	1.0

Course	Year	Number	Percentage of students with HSC mark less than				
			45	40	35	30	25
Visual Arts	2024	8,832	82.9	33.1	6.1	0.6	
	2023	8,631	81.5	34.4	8.7	1.0	0.1
Arabic Continuers	2024	240	83.3	40.8	8.3	0.8	
	2023	192	83.3	40.1	7.8	2.1	0.5
Arabic Extension	2024	47	63.8	38.3	4.3	2.1	
	2023	59	66.1	30.5	6.8	1.7	
Chinese Continuers	2024	283	53.4	21.2	6.0	0.7	
	2023	193	58.5	29.5	9.8	5.2	1.0
Chinese Extension	2024	73	37.0	9.6	4.1		
	2023	52	30.8	5.8	1.9		
Chinese & Literature	2024	252	80.6	24.2	3.2	1.2	
	2023	261	78.5	28.4	2.7	1.1	
Chinese in Context	2024	97	32.0	6.2	1.0	1.0	1.0
	2023	128	35.9	6.3	1.6	0.8	
French Beginners	2024	356	80.3	56.2	29.2	9.3	4.5
	2023	298	78.5	56.7	30.2	9.7	2.3
French Continuers	2024	544	74.8	36.9	8.8	2.0	0.4
	2023	511	74.6	41.1	7.2	1.0	0.2
French Extension	2024	121	74.4	37.2	10.7	0.8	
	2023	113	82.3	46.0	15.9	1.8	
German Beginners	2024	68	67.6	47.1	16.2	4.4	
	2023	77	71.4	49.4	26.0	11.7	
German Continuers	2024	178	74.2	39.3	9.0	0.6	
	2023	162	73.5	43.2	11.1	0.6	0.6
Italian Beginners	2024	292	74.7	47.3	26.4	8.2	2.4
	2023	232	80.2	52.2	23.7	10.3	3.0
Italian Continuers	2024	167	76.6	33.5	5.4		
	2023	167	73.7	35.3	13.8	1.2	
Japanese Beginners	2024	430	88.1	60.2	32.1	15.8	5.8
	2023	525	88.8	62.7	41.1	23.6	9.1
Japanese Continuers	2024	731	77.4	39.9	18.2	6.7	1.5
	2023	659	76.8	44.3	21.2	7.7	1.5
Japanese Extension	2024	146	54.1	17.8	4.8	1.4	
	2023	145	49.7	26.9	11.7	1.4	0.7
Korean Beginners	2024	144	75.0	48.6	16.0	6.9	2.8
	2023	129	78.3	42.6	13.2	3.9	1.6
Latin Continuers	2024	113	45.1	8.8	2.7		
	2023	160	54.4	16.3	5.0		
Latin Extension	2024	62	21.0	3.2			
	2023	92	18.5	5.4	2.2		
Modern Greek Beginners	2024	85	55.3	28.2	10.6	1.2	
	2023	86	54.7	27.9	10.5	8.1	2.3
Modern Greek Continuers	2024	71	57.7	26.8	7.0	1.4	1.4
	2023	67	53.7	25.4	1.5		
Spanish Beginners	2024	241	75.9	42.7	17.0	3.7	0.8
	2023	192	76.6	43.8	17.7	7.8	3.1

Course	Year	Number	Percentage of students with HSC mark less than				
			45	40	35	30	25
Spanish Continuers	2024	174	78.7	34.5	13.2	3.4	
	2023	128	78.9	39.8	10.2	0.8	
Tamil Continuers	2024	51	21.6	3.9			
	2023	42	38.1				
Vietnamese Continuers	2024	135	88.1	51.9	8.1	0.7	
	2023	110	94.5	54.5	7.3	0.9	0.9
Automotive Exam	2024	203	96.6	82.3	55.2	12.8	1.0
	2023	229	97.4	82.5	59.0	21.4	3.5
Business Services Exam	2024	1,082	95.6	71.4	26.8	8.1	1.2
	2023	1,032	97.6	73.0	25.1	6.7	0.7
Construction Exam	2024	1,529	92.7	53.3	19.6	2.9	0.7
	2023	1,551	94.6	56.5	23.3	3.7	0.3
Electrotechnology Exam	2024	258	97.3	79.5	43.0	10.5	
	2023	251	96.8	84.1	43.8	9.6	0.8
Entertainment Industry Exam	2024	844	84.4	55.2	23.1	5.1	1.4
	2023	691	85.2	55.6	22.1	6.9	1.3
Financial Services Exam	2024	87	96.6	75.9	27.6	9.2	3.4
	2023	81	92.6	67.9	34.6	11.1	
Hospitality Exam	2024	4,759	94.9	61.4	20.4	3.7	0.6
	2023	4,424	94.1	68.1	28.1	5.6	0.9
Human Services Exam	2024	630	96.2	80.8	37.3	4.0	
	2023	652	97.9	81.6	34.7	5.2	0.2
Information & Digital Technology Exam	2024	355	94.6	62.8	19.2	2.5	0.6
	2023	366	93.4	64.5	24.3	1.9	0.5
Primary Industries Exam	2024	555	96.9	70.1	25.8	3.1	0.2
	2023	498	97.6	73.5	30.1	3.2	0.2
Retail Services Exam	2024	725	96.7	81.7	41.8	10.2	1.5
	2023	751	97.7	83.6	45.4	14.8	2.0
Tourism, Travel & Events Exam	2024	49	98.0	77.6	34.7	6.1	
	2023	67	97.0	70.1	16.4	3.0	

Table A5 Distributions of scaled marks by course: 2023 and 2024

- Notes: (i) The **Number** column shows the number of students who completed the course in the given year.
- (ii) **Columns 45, 40, 35, 30, 25, 20 and 15** show the percentage of the course candidature with a scaled mark less than the specified mark.
- (iii) The table excludes courses with less than 40 students in either year.

Course	Year	Number	Percentage of students with scaled mark less than						
			45	40	35	30	25	20	15
Aboriginal Studies	2024	759	100.0	96.7	91.3	84.3	77.7	65.9	57.2
	2023	781	99.6	95.9	89.5	82.1	75.8	66.6	55.2
Agriculture	2024	1,586	99.9	97.4	89.8	80.1	68.7	57.1	43.3
	2023	1,417	99.7	96.8	88.6	79.9	68.2	56.4	42.8
Ancient History	2024	7,755	99.0	93.3	83.9	71.2	56.3	42.2	28.4
	2023	6,682	99.0	93.1	83.0	70.9	56.4	41.6	27.7
Biology	2024	19,044	98.8	90.8	77.6	61.0	44.7	29.7	17.4
	2023	19,382	98.3	90.2	77.3	61.8	46.3	31.2	17.5
Business Studies	2024	19,570	98.7	91.9	80.7	67.7	54.3	40.4	27.1
	2023	18,705	99.0	92.4	81.5	68.0	54.2	40.2	26.1
Chemistry	2024	9,722	94.8	75.5	54.8	38.1	25.3	14.8	6.9
	2023	9,892	94.4	76.4	56.2	39.2	25.9	15.5	7.6
Community & Family Studies	2024	9,772	100.0	98.4	92.1	82.8	70.4	57.2	42.6
	2023	9,099	100.0	98.2	91.4	81.9	70.3	56.9	41.6
Dance	2024	849	97.5	90.0	80.7	68.8	54.3	40.9	27.0
	2023	777	98.8	92.4	81.2	66.8	53.4	38.1	25.6
Design & Technology	2024	4,078	98.9	94.5	85.4	72.2	56.9	41.6	26.5
	2023	3,783	98.3	93.7	85.5	73.9	58.4	42.2	26.1
Drama	2024	3,481	97.1	90.7	80.1	67.0	53.4	38.6	23.7
	2023	3,324	96.9	90.2	79.7	68.0	53.6	39.5	23.9
Earth & Environmental Science	2024	2,571	99.2	94.4	84.9	71.3	57.0	41.9	28.7
	2023	2,553	99.0	93.6	83.7	71.3	57.9	43.6	29.3
Economics	2024	5,598	97.1	79.9	56.7	37.7	23.5	13.9	7.4
	2023	5,515	96.6	80.4	59.0	39.9	24.8	14.7	7.8
Engineering Studies	2024	2,508	98.4	90.9	78.8	62.3	45.9	29.6	15.7
	2023	2,557	98.7	91.4	80.4	64.2	45.3	26.9	13.9
English Studies Exam	2024	1,491	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.5	98.5	95.8	86.3
	2023	1,230		100	99.8	99.6	98.9	95.9	82.8
English Standard	2024	32,992	99.9	99.2	95.8	87.3	72.0	51.5	29.1
	2023	31,696	100.0	99.4	96.2	87.9	72.9	52.2	29.6
English Advanced	2024	25,397	96.8	80.2	56.0	33.6	17.3	7.8	2.8
	2023	25,102	96.8	80.8	57.1	34.5	17.7	7.8	2.7
English EALD	2024	1,246	97.9	92.3	84.8	74.9	64.5	51.6	35.2
	2023	1,204	98.2	93.6	85.5	77.7	63.8	52.3	36.5
English Extension 1	2024	3,782	95.9	70.9	38.3	15.7	5.1	1.7	0.6
	2023	3,671	94.7	69.2	36.3	14.9	5.5	2.0	0.8
English Extension 2	2024	1,479	92.6	71.2	43.2	19.0	5.9	1.6	0.2
	2023	1,408	90.7	70.0	38.9	17.6	6.0	1.4	0.3

Appendix – Table A5 Distributions of scaled marks by course: 2023 and 2024

Course	Year	Number	Percentage of students with scaled mark less than						
			45	40	35	30	25	20	15
Food Technology	2024	4,262	99.9	95.8	88.5	79.6	69.5	58.9	44.2
	2023	3,743	99.9	97.4	90.3	80.8	70.3	57.4	43.6
Geography	2024	4,661	98.3	90.3	77.0	62.1	46.9	32.6	20.1
	2023	4,025	97.9	90.3	77.0	60.8	44.5	31.2	18.8
Industrial Technology	2024	5,959	100.0	99.0	93.2	84.7	73.7	60.9	45.5
	2023	5,808	100.0	98.7	92.9	84.6	74.4	61.0	46.7
Information Processes & Technology	2024	1,715	99.1	93.5	81.2	67.3	52.9	38.5	25.5
	2023	1,739	98.7	93.4	83.2	70.2	55.7	42.3	27.1
Investigating Science	2024	3,240	99.5	96.5	88.8	77.4	64.6	51.2	35.7
	2023	2,875	99.7	96.4	88.8	78.2	66.6	51.1	36.4
Legal Studies	2024	10,209	98.2	90.3	77.8	63.2	48.4	35.0	22.2
	2023	10,244	98.1	90.2	78.1	63.5	48.8	35.0	22.3
Mathematics Standard 1 Exam	2024	2,139		100.0	99.7	94.2	85.6	75.1	62.6
	2023	1,608		100.0	99.9	95.5	86.5	74.4	58.6
Mathematics Standard 2	2024	31,140	99.8	95.4	85.2	72.4	58.0	42.7	26.7
	2023	30,805	99.8	95.0	85.1	72.8	59.0	44.4	29.0
Mathematics Advanced	2024	16,559	97.1	79.8	56.8	36.2	21.4	11.7	5.6
	2023	16,428	93.7	77.8	58.5	39.8	24.0	12.4	5.4
Mathematics Extension 1	2024	8,846	76.8	41.7	19.8	9.9	5.1	2.3	1.1
	2023	8,390	69.7	38.0	19.5	9.9	5.5	2.8	1.2
Mathematics Extension 2	2024	3,544	53.5	16.3	6.7	2.6	0.9	0.4	0.1
	2023	3,273	41.1	13.8	5.6	2.5	0.9	0.3	0.2
Modern History	2024	10,590	98.3	91.1	78.6	63.1	47.5	33.3	20.5
	2023	10,456	98.7	91.1	77.9	62.5	47.2	32.9	20.5
History Extension	2024	1,761	98.8	83.1	57.6	31.2	14.3	4.6	1.4
	2023	1,730	95.8	79.8	56.0	29.7	13.6	5.6	1.4
Music 1	2024	4,554	99.7	95.8	87.9	76.7	62.4	48.2	32.9
	2023	4,380	99.5	95.1	87.0	76.4	61.9	46.5	31.5
Music 2	2024	659	90.7	72.5	47.6	26.9	15.5	6.8	1.1
	2023	727	91.3	71.3	50.6	32.2	16.2	6.5	1.2
Music Extension	2024	390	77.7	62.3	45.4	29.7	14.4	7.2	2.1
	2023	386	80.8	62.2	43.5	26.4	15.8	7.5	1.8
PDH&PE	2024	17,258	99.4	94.5	84.6	72.1	57.9	43.6	28.0
	2023	16,873	99.8	96.1	85.3	71.1	56.1	41.6	27.4
Physics	2024	8,215	96.3	80.0	58.9	40.4	26.0	15.2	7.9
	2023	7,921	94.8	79.2	61.1	43.0	28.0	16.4	7.7
Science Extension	2024	753	96.9	88.6	63.1	35.5	16.9	5.2	1.6
	2023	794	96.9	86.6	62.6	35.3	15.0	6.5	1.6
Society & Culture	2024	5,181	98.9	93.7	83.9	71.5	56.6	41.3	26.5
	2023	5,040	98.9	94.2	83.7	70.4	55.5	39.8	24.2
Software Design & Development	2024	1,708	98.8	89.8	74.8	57.7	41.7	26.7	17.1
	2023	1,648	96.1	87.2	75.7	61.2	44.7	30.3	17.1
Studies of Religion I	2024	8,475	98.0	90.1	75.6	59.1	40.6	22.9	9.4
	2023	8,239	99.3	92.0	76.5	58.2	39.0	21.8	9.9

Appendix – Table A5 Distributions of scaled marks by course: 2023 and 2024

Course	Year	Number	Percentage of students with scaled mark less than						
			45	40	35	30	25	20	15
Studies of Religion II	2024	6,169	97.7	88.9	74.5	57.5	39.6	24.9	13.3
	2023	5,734	98.5	89.6	73.7	55.8	36.9	22.3	11.7
Textiles & Design	2024	1,694	98.7	92.9	82.5	68.9	55.5	41.6	26.1
	2023	1,401	99.1	93.0	83.1	71.1	56.0	41.5	28.5
Visual Arts	2024	8,832	98.7	93.5	85.0	74.0	60.8	46.6	31.0
	2023	8,631	98.6	93.5	85.3	74.1	61.7	47.4	32.5
Arabic Continuers	2024	240	100.0	96.3	91.7	83.8	75.0	62.9	51.3
	2023	192	99.0	93.2	87.5	79.2	68.2	58.9	45.8
Arabic Extension	2024	47	100.0	91.5	83.0	76.6	53.2	36.2	4.3
	2023	59	98.3	94.9	84.7	61.0	50.8	30.5	16.9
Chinese Continuers	2024	283	95.1	73.1	52.7	34.3	20.1	7.8	3.2
	2023	193	91.2	77.2	54.9	37.3	20.7	9.8	6.2
Chinese Extension	2024	73	95.9	58.9	23.3	5.5	1.4		
	2023	52	90.4	69.2	44.2	15.4	3.8	1.9	
Chinese & Literature	2024	252	97.6	89.3	79.0	65.9	49.2	32.5	15.1
	2023	261	98.9	93.1	82.8	67.8	51.7	35.6	22.2
Chinese in Context	2024	97	90.7	76.3	58.8	49.5	33	18.6	9.3
	2023	128	93.8	86.7	66.4	41.4	24.2	12.5	5.5
French Beginners	2024	356	96.9	91.6	82.9	69.9	54.2	38.5	21.3
	2023	298	98.3	90.3	78.5	64.4	52.3	34.6	19.1
French Continuers	2024	544	92.8	74.4	47.6	26.7	13.2	6.3	2.0
	2023	511	92.0	73.8	51.3	30.5	14.5	5.9	1.4
French Extension	2024	121	86.0	57.0	21.5	1.7			
	2023	113	82.3	54.0	20.4	8.0	0.9		
German Beginners	2024	68	97.1	86.8	73.5	64.7	47.1	26.5	8.8
	2023	77	94.8	89.6	80.5	66.2	53.2	36.4	24.7
German Continuers	2024	178	92.7	73.0	49.4	28.7	12.4	5.6	2.8
	2023	162	86.4	67.9	55.6	35.8	19.1	7.4	3.1
Italian Beginners	2024	292	95.5	90.8	79.5	65.1	47.6	32.5	18.2
	2023	232	95.3	87.5	78.0	63.8	47.4	30.6	14.7
Italian Continuers	2024	167	95.8	82.6	61.1	43.7	24.6	7.2	3.6
	2023	167	93.4	82.0	57.5	36.5	22.2	12.6	4.2
Japanese Beginners	2024	430	98.6	93.0	79.3	64.9	50.9	33.5	21.6
	2023	525	99.4	93.1	81.7	64.4	52.2	39.4	27.2
Japanese Continuers	2024	731	96.4	79.1	58.0	36.9	22.8	13.7	7.8
	2023	659	96.2	78.8	60.8	42.0	28.1	16.4	8.2
Japanese Extension	2024	146	91.8	64.4	30.1	6.2	2.1		
	2023	145	92.4	62.8	34.5	12.4	5.5	1.4	
Korean Beginners	2024	144	96.5	90.3	81.3	63.2	48.6	29.2	15.3
	2023	129	99.2	94.6	81.4	64.3	45.7	27.9	13.2
Latin Continuers	2024	113	61.9	32.7	17.7	6.2	2.7	1.8	
	2023	160	70.0	36.9	13.8	8.1	5.0		
Latin Extension	2024	62	54.8	25.8	9.7	3.2	1.6		
	2023	92	65.2	26.1	6.5	4.3	2.2	2.2	

Course	Year	Number	Percentage of students with scaled mark less than						
			45	40	35	30	25	20	15
Modern Greek Beginners	2024	85	98.8	85.9	74.1	62.4	42.4	29.4	12.9
	2023	86	96.5	91.9	82.6	62.8	47.7	31.4	19.8
Modern Greek Continuers	2024	71	91.5	81.7	70.4	60.6	42.3	26.8	12.7
	2023	67	97.0	85.1	67.2	59.7	46.3	26.9	6.0
Spanish Beginners	2024	241	95.9	85.1	75.1	60.6	45.6	34.4	22.0
	2023	192	93.2	83.3	74.0	62.0	46.4	33.9	19.8
Spanish Continuers	2024	174	97.1	88.5	78.7	62.1	43.1	28.2	13.8
	2023	128	97.7	89.1	77.3	61.7	45.3	23.4	10.2
Tamil Continuers	2024	51	82.4	68.6	47.1	39.2	27.5	21.6	13.7
	2023	42	92.9	83.3	81.0	71.4	61.9	45.2	35.7
Vietnamese Continuers	2024	135	99.3	95.6	86.7	74.1	65.9	48.1	27.4
	2023	110	100.0	96.4	91.8	81.8	70.9	55.5	36.4
Automotive Exam	2024	203		100.0	98.0	92.1	83.7	73.4	61.1
	2023	229		100.0	98.3	92.1	86.5	75.1	55.5
Business Services Exam	2024	1,082	100.0	98.2	92.7	83.2	71.4	57.0	40.7
	2023	1,032	100.0	97.6	91.4	83.1	70.2	52.5	36.0
Construction Exam	2024	1,529	100.0	99.3	95.7	87.8	77.1	63.6	47.2
	2023	1,551	100.0	99.9	97.0	89.4	76.4	64.2	50.7
Electrotechnology Exam	2024	258		100.0	95.3	88.0	77.1	60.5	39.1
	2023	251		100.0	95.6	90.0	78.9	64.9	39.0
Entertainment Industry Exam	2024	844	99.5	96.9	88.2	76.7	62	45.1	26.8
	2023	691	99.9	96.8	89.9	78.7	65.3	49.2	28.8
Financial Services Exam	2024	87	100.0	96.6	92.0	80.5	71.3	41.4	27.6
	2023	81	98.8	92.6	84.0	70.4	63.0	49.4	22.2
Hospitality Exam	2024	4,759	100.0	98.1	93.5	84.1	69.8	53.6	38.5
	2023	4,424	100.0	98.2	91.9	84.1	71.7	53.3	40.2
Human Services Exam	2024	630	100.0	98.7	94.4	82.9	74.0	58.4	41.1
	2023	652	100.0	99.2	94.8	84.2	71.3	54.0	34.8
Information & Digital Technology Exam	2024	355	100.0	98.6	92.7	82.8	67.6	48.5	29.9
	2023	366	100.0	98.1	91.8	81.7	67.8	50.3	29.2
Primary Industries Exam	2024	555		100.0	96.0	89.9	78.6	63.6	42.9
	2023	498		100.0	95.4	90.0	79.5	67.7	49.2
Retail Services Exam	2024	725	100.0	97.9	92.4	86.8	77.2	63.6	46.5
	2023	751	100.0	97.7	94.0	86.3	75.5	63.5	52.3
Tourism, Travel & Events Exam	2024	49	100.0	95.9	87.8	81.6	77.6	57.1	36.7
	2023	67	97.0	92.5	89.6	77.6	70.1	52.2	32.8



Table A6 Courses that contribute to the ATAR (more than 10 units)

- Notes: (i) This table shows the percentage of the course candidature who completed more than 10 units of ATAR courses and for whom *all* units of that course contributed to their ATAR.
- (ii) The **Number receiving ATAR** column shows the number of students who did the course in 2024 or a previous year, and received an ATAR in 2024.
- (iii) The **ATAR students with > 10 units** columns show the number and percentage of ATAR students who completed more than 10 units of ATAR courses.
- (iv) The **Percentage who counted course** column shows the percentage of the ATAR students who completed more than 10 units of ATAR courses for whom all units of that course contributed towards their ATAR.
- (v) The **Maximum ATAR including the course** column shows the maximum ATAR of any student doing the course in any year and including all units from that course in their ATAR calculation.
- (vi) The table excludes courses with less than 10 students.

Course	Number receiving ATAR	ATAR students with > 10 units			Maximum ATAR including the course
		Number	Percentage	Percentage who counted course	
Aboriginal Studies	494	119	24	69	99.35
Agriculture	1,117	376	34	78	99.55
Ancient History	6,833	2,492	36	86	99.95
Biology	18,240	7,165	39	84	99.95
Business Studies	18,068	5,458	30	85	99.95
Chemistry	9,675	5,406	56	75	99.95
Community & Family Studies	7,952	2,085	26	86	99.35
Dance	729	200	27	57	99.40
Design & Technology	3,566	1,184	33	74	99.80
Drama	3,034	1,073	35	71	99.95
Earth & Environmental Science	2,279	692	30	83	99.80
Economics	5,601	2,567	46	77	99.95
Engineering Studies	2,419	1,115	46	74	99.85
English Studies Exam	699	122	17	100	94.10
English Standard	30,173	7,536	25	100	99.80
English Advanced	25,194	11,699	46	99	99.95
English EALD	1,128	291	26	100	99.85
English Extension 1	3,779	2,495	66	88	99.95
English Extension 2	1,475	883	60	84	99.95
Food Technology	3,371	858	25	86	99.55
Geography	4,322	1,505	35	85	99.95
Industrial Technology	4,191	1,250	30	74	99.50
Information Processes & Technology	1,582	638	40	76	99.85
Investigating Science	2,782	1,048	38	86	99.95
Legal Studies	9,579	3,406	36	85	99.95
Mathematics Standard 1 Exam	1,360	306	23	50	93.65
Mathematics Standard 2	29,017	7,833	27	70	99.75
Mathematics Advanced	15,323	8,148	53	73	99.95
Mathematics Extension 1	8,696	5,878	68	90	99.95
Mathematics Extension 2	3,520	1,763	50	98	99.95
Modern History	9,932	3,866	39	83	99.95
History Extension	1,754	1,420	81	84	99.95
Music 1	3,727	1,225	33	60	99.80
Music 2	662	475	72	70	99.95

Appendix – Table A6 Courses that contribute to the ATAR (more than 10 units)

Course	Number receiving ATAR	ATAR students with > 10 units			Maximum ATAR including the course
		Number	Percentage	Percentage who counted course	
Music Extension	391	312	80	70	99.95
PDH&PE	15,562	4,400	28	85	99.90
Physics	8,135	4,292	53	73	99.95
Science Extension	752	605	80	76	99.85
Society & Culture	4,767	1,453	30	84	99.45
Software Design & Development	1,622	760	47	67	99.95
Studies of Religion I	8,044	6,861	85	80	99.95
Studies of Religion II	6,047	1,386	23	81	99.80
Textiles & Design	1,467	390	27	80	98.95
Visual Arts	7,413	2,227	30	73	99.85
Arabic Continuers	204	56	27	77	96.55
Arabic Extension	34	27	79	81	95.90
Armenian Continuers	15	4	27	75	84.00
Chinese Beginners	58	21	36	86	98.00
Chinese Continuers	280	163	58	62	99.90
Chinese Extension	74	60	81	80	99.90
Chinese & Literature	248	77	31	68	99.40
Chinese in Context	94	40	43	53	99.70
Classical Hebrew Continuers	22	10	45	90	99.50
French Beginners	321	129	40	76	99.60
French Continuers	530	360	68	67	99.95
French Extension	121	106	88	82	99.90
German Beginners	78	39	50	69	98.75
German Continuers	178	107	60	63	99.90
German Extension	49	43	88	72	99.95
Hindi Continuers	16	12	75	58	99.15
Hungarian Continuers	11	7	64	86	95.80
Indonesian Beginners	34	13	38	69	93.45
Indonesian Continuers	31	12	39	75	99.80
Indonesian Extension	10	6	60	100	99.80
Italian Beginners	268	141	53	77	99.75
Italian Continuers	160	97	61	66	99.95
Italian Extension	33	23	70	78	99.55
Japanese Beginners	397	114	29	71	98.70
Japanese Continuers	718	399	56	60	99.95
Japanese Extension	152	114	75	86	99.90
Japanese in Context	22	8	36	50	99.10
Khmer Continuers	11	5	45	40	92.20
Korean Beginners	140	36	26	75	99.40
Korean Continuers	50	15	30	53	99.95
Korean & Literature	14	4	29	75	99.50
Korean in Context	29	14	48	57	98.20
Latin Continuers	109	101	93	69	99.95

Course	Number receiving ATAR	ATAR students with > 10 units			Maximum ATAR including the course
		Number	Percentage	Percentage who counted course	
Latin Extension	62	61	98	74	99.95
Macedonian Continuers	18	9	50	56	95.80
Modern Greek Beginners	79	23	29	57	99.05
Modern Greek Continuers	64	35	55	80	98.60
Modern Greek Extension	19	15	79	87	98.60
Modern Hebrew Continuers	22	10	45	50	99.50
Persian Continuers	23	10	43	70	94.95
Polish Continuers	15	5	33	60	97.80
Portuguese Continuers	21	7	33	71	94.50
Punjabi Continuers	35	18	51	72	91.15
Russian Continuers	30	10	33	60	99.60
Serbian Continuers	30	12	40	67	99.55
Spanish Beginners	220	82	37	73	99.75
Spanish Continuers	161	83	52	72	99.15
Spanish Extension	49	39	80	85	98.40
Swedish Continuers	14	7	50	100	94.45
Tamil Continuers	42	35	83	51	98.65
Turkish Continuers	33	8	24	25	97.85
Vietnamese Continuers	127	46	36	65	96.90
Automotive Exam	108	38	35	50	87.35
Business Services Exam	937	343	37	80	96.20
Construction Exam	1,145	373	33	71	98.15
Electrotechnology Exam	185	67	36	75	91.30
Entertainment Industry Exam	758	266	35	76	99.00
Financial Services Exam	75	45	60	60	91.10
Hospitality Exam	4,122	1,235	30	77	98.65
Human Services Exam	551	187	34	71	97.60
Information & Digital Technology Exam	341	126	37	69	94.85
Primary Industries Exam	390	144	37	72	93.05
Retail Services Exam	575	183	32	67	95.20
Tourism, Travel & Events Exam	37	11	30	45	96.20

Table A7 ATAR distribution

Note: (i) This table shows the number of students receiving each ATAR from 99.95 to 99.00 and the number corresponding to the stated ATAR ranges down to 30.00–30.95.

(ii) The median ATAR in 2024 was 71.53.

ATAR	Number	Number on or above	Percentage on or above
99.95	51	51	0.1
99.90	49	100	0.2
99.85	52	152	0.3
99.80	51	203	0.4
99.75	51	254	0.4
99.70	49	303	0.5
99.65	54	357	0.6
99.60	48	405	0.7
99.55	51	456	0.8
99.50	54	510	0.9
99.45	47	557	1.0
99.40	53	610	1.1
99.35	51	661	1.2
99.30	53	714	1.2
99.25	43	757	1.3
99.20	52	809	1.4
99.15	54	863	1.5
99.10	49	912	1.6
99.05	53	965	1.7
99.00	52	1,017	1.8
99.00 - 99.95	1,017	1,017	1.8
98.00 - 98.95	1,014	2,031	3.6
97.00 - 97.95	1,019	3,050	5.3
96.00 - 96.95	1,019	4,069	7.1
95.00 - 95.95	1,026	5,095	8.9
94.00 - 94.95	1,013	6,108	10.7
93.00 - 93.95	1,022	7,130	12.5
92.00 - 92.95	1,019	8,149	14.2
91.00 - 91.95	1,027	9,176	16.0
90.00 - 90.95	1,013	10,189	17.8
89.00 - 89.95	1,024	11,213	19.6
88.00 - 88.95	1,023	12,236	21.4
87.00 - 87.95	1,016	13,252	23.2
86.00 - 86.95	1,006	14,258	24.9
85.00 - 85.95	1,014	15,272	26.7
84.00 - 84.95	1,016	16,288	28.5
83.00 - 83.95	1,018	17,306	30.3
82.00 - 82.95	1,008	18,314	32.0
81.00 - 81.95	989	19,303	33.8
80.00 - 80.95	1,018	20,321	35.5
79.00 - 79.95	992	21,313	37.3
78.00 - 78.95	990	22,303	39.0

ATAR	Number	Number on or above	Percentage on or above
77.00 - 77.95	1,001	23,304	40.7
76.00 - 76.95	970	24,274	42.4
75.00 - 75.95	981	25,255	44.2
74.00 - 74.95	983	26,238	45.9
73.00 - 73.95	971	27,209	47.6
72.00 - 72.95	970	28,179	49.3
71.00 - 71.95	949	29,128	50.9
70.00 - 70.95	945	30,073	52.6
69.00 - 69.95	950	31,023	54.2
68.00 - 68.95	928	31,951	55.9
67.00 - 67.95	924	32,875	57.5
66.00 - 66.95	928	33,803	59.1
65.00 - 65.95	902	34,705	60.7
64.00 - 64.95	905	35,610	62.3
63.00 - 63.95	900	36,510	63.8
62.00 - 62.95	864	37,374	65.3
61.00 - 61.95	874	38,248	66.9
60.00 - 60.95	853	39,101	68.4
59.00 - 59.95	837	39,938	69.8
58.00 - 58.95	817	40,755	71.3
57.00 - 57.95	828	41,583	72.7
56.00 - 56.95	795	42,378	74.1
55.00 - 55.95	793	43,171	75.5
54.00 - 54.95	751	43,922	76.8
53.00 - 53.95	779	44,701	78.2
52.00 - 52.95	742	45,443	79.5
51.00 - 51.95	738	46,181	80.7
50.00 - 50.95	731	46,912	82.0
49.00 - 49.95	703	47,615	83.3
48.00 - 48.95	680	48,295	84.4
47.00 - 47.95	660	48,955	85.6
46.00 - 46.95	627	49,582	86.7
45.00 - 45.95	609	50,191	87.8
44.00 - 44.95	579	50,770	88.8
43.00 - 43.95	550	51,320	89.7
42.00 - 42.95	511	51,831	90.6
41.00 - 41.95	490	52,321	91.5
40.00 - 40.95	458	52,779	92.3
39.00 - 39.95	422	53,201	93.0
38.00 - 38.95	393	53,594	93.7
37.00 - 37.95	369	53,963	94.4
36.00 - 36.95	332	54,295	94.9
35.00 - 35.95	309	54,604	95.5
34.00 - 34.95	287	54,891	96.0
33.00 - 33.95	255	55,146	96.4
32.00 - 32.95	239	55,385	96.8
31.00 - 31.95	216	55,601	97.2
30.00 - 30.95	192	55,793	97.6

Table A8 ATAR percentiles: 2020–2024

Note: This table shows the ATAR at selected percentiles of the ATAR cohort.

Percentile	ATAR 2020	ATAR 2021	ATAR 2022	ATAR 2023	ATAR 2024
100	99.95	99.95	99.95	99.95	99.95
99	99.40	99.40	99.40	99.40	99.40
98	98.80	98.80	98.85	98.85	98.85
95	97.05	97.05	97.15	97.10	97.15
90	94.10	94.15	94.30	94.25	94.35
85	91.15	91.20	91.50	91.40	91.55
80	88.25	88.30	88.65	88.55	88.75
75	85.30	85.35	85.80	85.70	85.95
70	82.30	82.40	82.95	82.85	83.10
60	76.30	76.50	77.20	77.00	77.40
50	70.15	70.40	71.25	71.05	71.55
40	63.75	64.05	65.10	64.85	65.40
30	56.90	57.25	58.50	58.20	58.85

Table A9 Relationship between the ATAR and aggregates: 2020–2024

Note: This table shows the lowest aggregate of scaled marks corresponding to each of the selected ATARs.

ATAR	Lowest aggregate				
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
99.95	478.1	478.8	478.1	479.8	477.4
99.50	458.8	458.7	459.9	459.3	455.9
99.00	447.8	448.0	449.1	449.5	445.6
98.00	433.8	433.7	434.3	435.0	431.6
95.00	404.2	404.8	404.6	405.5	403.5
90.00	370.1	369.8	368.9	370.0	369.2
85.00	341.8	340.2	338.9	340.2	340.2
80.00	315.8	313.5	310.9	313.0	312.6
75.00	290.8	288.0	285.2	287.4	286.2
70.00	267.2	263.8	259.5	261.8	260.6
65.00	244.1	239.8	234.4	236.8	235.4
60.00	221.1	217.2	210.4	212.5	210.1
55.00	198.3	195.4	186.4	188.2	185.3
50.00	175.5	172.8	162.8	164.3	160.6

Report on the Scaling of the 2024 NSW Higher School Certificate

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About this publication

This report contains information on the calculation of the Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) in 2024. It includes an overview of the HSC and the ATAR, a breakdown of the scaling process, analysis of HSC and ATAR statistics and notes on trends for the year.

Images

Good. Thanks. Media.

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